

# BOVEY TRACEY TOWN COUNCIL

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23rd April 2019

To Members of the Planning Committee

Cllrs Ms Blair (Ex Officio), Arnold, Ashby, Bray, Evans, Kelly & Mrs Kerswell.

Cc All other members of the Council for information.

Dear Councillor,

You are hereby summoned to attend a meeting of the Planning Committee which will be held in the Council Chamber, Town Hall, Bovey Tracey on Monday 29th April 2019 at 6.30pm for the purpose of transacting the business as set out on the agenda below.

#### **AGENDA**

Interests to be declared: In accordance with the Code of Conduct, Members are invited to declare any personal or disclosable pecuniary interests, including the nature and extent of such interests they may have in items to be considered at this meeting. Members are also reminded that any change to their Declaration of Interests must be notified to the Monitoring Officer at Teignbridge District Council within 28 days of the change.

### PL.19/36 Apologies for absence:

### \*\*Public Participation:

The Committee, at the Chairman's discretion, sets aside a short period of time at the commencement of the meeting when the public can ask questions or make statements regarding agenda items.

### PL.19/37 Minutes:

To agree as a correct record and approve the minutes of the meeting of  $15^{\rm th}$  April 2019(\*copy enclosed).

### PL.19/38 Consideration of Planning Applications:

DNPA Applications listed to 5.4.19: None

TDC Applications listed to 12.4.19: None

DNPA Applications listed to 12.4.19:

a) 19/0018 Fell one sycamore at 5 Hawkmoor Parke.

TDC Applications listed to 18.4.19:

b) 19/00739/VAR Variation of conditions 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 14 and removal of conditions 8 & 11 on planning permission 17/02751/FUL (new community hub building) relating to reduction in footprint, landscaping, materials, slates, approved Construction Environmental Management Plan,

archaeological work, surface water drainage, addition of maintenance shed and flood resilience at Old Thatched Inn, Station Road.

### DNPA Applications listed to 18.4.19:

0168/19 Rear single storey kitchen extension replacing existing extension; c) garage conversion and enlargement of existing windows to living room and bedroom on rear elevation at Tor Reach, 10 Hawkmoor Parke.

#### PL.19/39 Planning Decisions:

- a) Approvals: None
- b) Refusals: None
- c) Prior Notification Application Agricultural barn, access track and hardstanding at land known as Bovey Heath Farm, Newton Road

The proposal is considered unsuitable for permitted development application and full planning application is required. (0)

- Exemption works to trees covered by a Tree Preservation Order:
- i) Remove broken hanging branches of two Monterey cypresses at Harton, Brimley Grange.

The Town Council's submitted observations: No objections - N/O. Objection - O. Referred - Ref'd. Not consulted - N/C.

#### PL.19/40 Draft Traffic Management Plan:

To consider the Draft Plan (\*copy enclosed).

#### PL.19/41 Dartmoor Way Walking Route:

To receive and note correspondence (\*copy enclosed) from Dartmoor National Park.

General Planning Matters brought forward by Councillors: PL.19/42 (For information only).

SIGNED .....

M WELLS TOWN CLERK

DATE 23/04/19

# PLANNING COMMITTEE MEETING HELD IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER ON MONDAY 15<sup>TH</sup> APRIL 2019 AT 7.00pm

#### Present:

The Town Mayor, Cllr Ms J H Blair

Cllr U Arnold Cllr M J Evans
Cllr R J Ashby Cllr E Kelly

Cllr R A Bray Cllr Mrs A J Kerswell\*

#### In attendance:

Cllr A Allen
Cllr G J Gribble\*\*/\*
Cllr S P Leigh
Cllr Ms C O Richardson
Mr M Wells - Town Clerk
One member of the public

\*\*County Cllr \*District Cllr

The meeting was chaired by Cllr Evans

Interests declared: None

PL.19/31 Apologies for absence: None

\*\*Public Participation: None

PL.19/32 Minutes:

The minutes of the meeting of  $1^{\rm st}$  April 2019 (\*copy previously circulated) were confirmed as a correct record and were approved.

PL.19/33 Consideration of Planning Applications:

DNPA Applications listed to 22.3.19: None

TDC Applications listed to 29.3.19:

a) 19/00636/TPO Fell one sycamore in Area A2 at Oaklands, Chapple Road.

Observations: Referred to TDC's Arboricultural Officer.

DNPA Applications listed to 29.3.19: None

TDC Applications listed to 5.4.19:

b) 19/00597/AGR Agricultural barn, access track and hardstanding at land known as Bovey Heath Farm, Newton Road.

Observations: The Town Council does not support the application as insufficient information is provided and the information submitted is ambiguous.

### PL.19/34 Planning Decisions: Noted

Approvals:

a) TDC:

i) Change of use from Sui Generis (beauty salon) to use class A2 (financial and professional services) at St Margarets House, Station Road. (N/O)

ii) Permanent dwelling for rural worker at Moorwood, road from Gipsy Corner to Shewte Cross. (N/O)

Refusals: None

The Town Council's submitted observations: No objections - N/0. Objection - O. Referred - Ref'd. Not consulted - N/C.

# PL.19/35 General Planning Matters brought forward by Councillors: (For information only).

Cllr Evans (Chairman):

- i) Advised that a requested meeting with Highways Officers concerning waiting restrictions will take place in St Johns Lane on Tuesday  $16^{\rm th}$  April at 11am. All Councillors are welcome to attend.
- ii) Thanked Cllrs Ashby and Bray (retiring Town Councillors) for their participation over the years.

Cllr Kelly advised that Vintage Treasures is now sold and Arnold's Ironmongers is for sale.

Cllr Ashby wished the Town Council well for the future.

Cllr Arnold advised that DNPA may not be undertaking a planning service in the future. It is rumoured that TDC may take over the service. The Town Clerk will contact Kevin Bishop, DNPA Chief Executive, and make further enquiries.

Cllr Mrs Kerswell advised that she had encountered two residents anxious about crossing the road in Fore Street. Also, she had met a family with concerns regarding crossing the road by the Co-operative Store in Station Road. Cllr Arnold highlighted that these issues are being investigated as part of the NDP process and Traffic Management Plan.

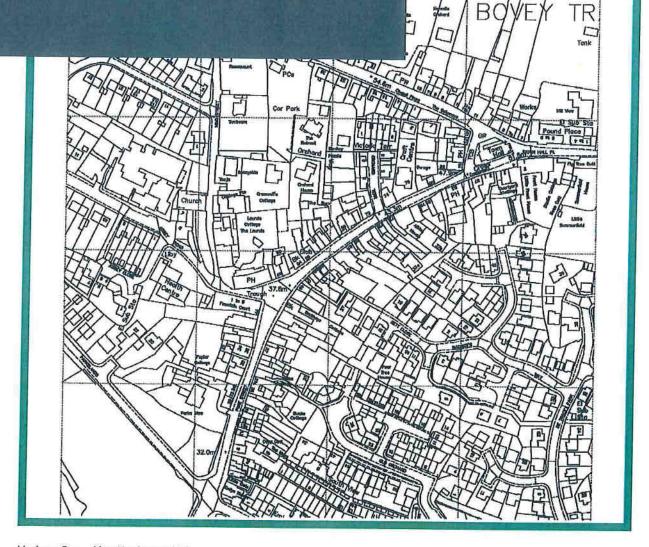
The meeting closed at 6.50pm.



# Transport, Environment & Design

# Bovey Tracey Town Centre Traffic Management Plan

January 16



Horizon Consulting Engineers Ltd.
The Dairy Barn, Westpoint Court, Sidmouth Road, Exeter EX5 1DJ

### **Document Control Sheet**

Project Reference:

HCE 0192

Project Title:

Bovey Tracey Town Centre - Traffic Management Plan

**Document Title:** 

Transport Management Plan

Document Reference: 0192.TMP

Author:

Jim Tamblyn

Checked:

Client:

Bovey Tracey Town Council

Initial Issue Date:

24 March 2016

#### Revision of Issue

Revision	Revision Author	Checked	Date
Α	Jim Tamblyn	2編3	05.04.16
В	Jim Tamblyn	ean	09,02.18
С	Jim Tamblyn	*	29,03.19

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Appendix B - Bus Routes

Appendix C - Existing Cycleway Network
Appendix D - PIA records 2010 to 2014
Appendix E - Business Survey Template

Appendix F - School Travel Plan

Appendix G - Option 1 One Way System (Downhill)

Appendix H - Option 2 Two Way System with inbound Priority

Appendix I - Option 5 One Way System (Uphill)

# Revision Schedule

Revision Author		Description	
Α	J.T	Executive summary updated Section 3.8 & 3.9 added – Safe routes to school Paragraphs 1.1 altered – inclusion of 2 additional options Paragraphs 1.3 & 1.4 added – comments on 'Do Nothing scenario' Paragraph 5.2.6 altered – affected roads defined Paragraph 5.2.7 added – comments on increased length of one way system	05.04.16
В	J.T	Executive summary updated Appendices updated with current version of collision data and bus timetables. Preferred option for one way system included.	09.02.18
С	J.T	Appendix I updated	29.03.19

# 1. Executive Summary

### 1.1 Overview

- 1.1.1 Horizon Consulting Engineers Ltd (HCE) has been commissioned by Bovey Tracey Town Council to prepare a Traffic Management Plan to address congestion along the high street and inform schemes associated with the regeneration of the Town Centre.
- 1.1.2 The Traffic Management Act 2004 (TMA) was introduced to tackle congestion and disruption on the road network. The TMA places a duty on Local Highway Authorities to make sure traffic moves freely and quickly on their roads and the roads of nearby Authorities. The TMA gives councils more tools to manage parking policies, coordinate street works and enforce moving traffic offences.
- 1.1.3 The 2011 Census Data provides information on car ownership within the Bovey Ward (Parishes of Bovey Tracey and Lustleigh). The survey identified that as a rural area the percentage of households that own a car are above the Teignbridge and County averages. The travel to work statistics support the theory that rural economies are dependent upon car usage with 65% of people in the ward utilising a car compared to the County average of 60%. Similarly, due to the shortfall in suitable rural infrastructure, the percentage of people cycling and walking to work is lower than the County average. However, the percentage of people choosing to walk or utilise bus services to reach work has increased marginally from the 2001 census.
- 1.1.4 Currently three bus services operate within the town centre, one by Stagecoach and two by Country Bus. Stagecoach provide a regular service which operates 7 days a week whilst Country Bus is funded by Devon County Council and operates one service 6 days a week and one 2 days a week.
- 1.1.5 Although Bovey Tracey benefits from the 'Stover Trail' which incorporates sections of National Cycle Network Route 28 the closest the route passes to the Town Centre is Station Road where the route makes use of the Mill Marsh Park Path.
- 1.1.6 Five year Personal Injury Accident (PIA) records were requested from Devon County Council. Six reported accidents occurred over this period, one categorised as serious and three slight. The majority of accidents were located near the greatest concentration of shops, and the widest section of highway, and involved vehicular collisions with pedestrians or cyclists.
- 1.1.7 Surveys were sent to businesses located along Fore Street to look at patterns in both deliveries / collections and customer usage. Approximately one third of the surveys were returned completed. Out of the 19 returned questionnaires 16 identified that the deliveries / collections / customers parked illegally to access the business. A variety of suggestions were made of changes that would benefit businesses, these generally comprised of improved parking (30 minute free parking), consideration of a one way system, provision of loading bays at those businesses with a high number of deliveries / collections and improvements to footways.

- 1.1.8 The Bovey Tracey Primary School Travel Plan identifies issues which are in common with those that affect local business. Therefore there are several elements of the proposed scheme that have the potential to improve the situation for both businesses and school.
- 1.1.9 The analysis suggests that changing Fore Street to a one way system will mitigate the current conflicts of vehicles travelling in opposing directions along the sections of highway restricted in width by illegal parking. In order to maintain the current tourist approach to the town centre, via Fore Street and Station Road, the preferred direction of the one way system would be south to north, i.e uphill.
- 1.1.10 However, increasing the length of the one way system to include Bradley Road, up to the junction with Coombe Close, would potentially increase vehicle movements through the Town Centre with the possibility of increased congestion and no tangible benefit to business. If this option was to be considered further detailed traffic counts would be required (as a minimum) along Mary Street, Bradley Road and Fore Street to determine current usage of the highway network and also at the junctions of May Street with Fore Street and East Street.
- 1.1.11 It is also recommended that one of the initiatives of the school Travel Plan is trialled to reduce the number of school journey affecting the junction of Abbey Road and Fore Street. This comprises the issue of school passes to a number of parents to allow them to park in Mary Street car park for 1 hour for free during 8.30 and 9.30 am. The secondary aim of this is to encourage those parents who would normally drop their children off by car, and then leave the Town Centre straight away, to use the local businesses on their way back to the car park.
- 1.1.12 By removing one lane of traffic from Fore Street sufficient room is created to incorporate additional legal parking bays. These can be positioned such that the remaining road width is sufficiently narrow to reduce vehicle speeds. In addition the junction of Abbey Road and Fore Street would be dramatically altered to remove the excess carriageway width which encourages excess speed and illegal parking within visibility splays.
- 1.1.13 A combined footway / cycleway should be constructed between Le Molay Littry Way and Abbey Road to encourage cyclists using 'Stover Trail' to divert into the Town Centre to use cafés and restaurants. In addition this section of footway / cycleway would provide a safe route to school for children who wished to cycle or walk to school. This section of footway / cycleway would need to be combined with a controlled crossing (Toucan Crossing) to enable the safe crossing of Fore Street.
- 1.1.14 It is envisaged that the changes will be implemented in two phases, the first through an experimental TRO which will last for eighteen months and involve the removal of sections of double yellow lines and the application of the one way system commencing at the Town Hall and finishing at the junction with Le Molay Littry Way. Alterations to road geometry and inclusion of additional legal parking bays will be via white lining.

- 1.1.15 The second phase will incorporate the physical alterations of the kerb lines and the permanent TRO.
- 1.1.16 The default 'Do Nothing' scenario has been considered, however it is understood that as a result of congestion Stagecoach has contemplated withdrawing the bus service from the Town Centre citing continued disruption of scheduled stops and damage to vehicles
- 1.1.17 The 'Do Nothing' scenario also fails to address safety and modal switch issues highlighted by the STP in 2005/6. The failure to provide suitable walking / cycling infrastructure for a Town Centre school over the previous ten years will have exacerbated congestion experienced at peak hours.
- 1.1.18 If the parents can be persuaded to walk or cycle with their child to school, there is greater opportunity for high street businesses to benefit from passing trade generated from parents on return journeys. In comparison, the current situation suggests that parents who drive into the Town Centre do not make use of the facilities.

### 2. Introduction

### 2.1 Commission

2.1.1 Horizon Consulting Engineers Ltd (Horizon) has been commissioned by Bovey Tracey Town Council to prepare a Traffic Management Plan to address congestion along the high street and inform schemes associated with the regeneration of the Town Centre.

### 2.2 Background

- 2.2.1 Bovey Tracey Town Centre currently suffers from a high proportion of illegal parking (both from customers and deliveries / collections) which restricts road width and causes conflict between vehicular users. This conflict manifests as congestion when large vehicles cannot pass in opposing directions and become restricted in their ability to move by vehicles behind. In extreme circumstances anecdotal evidence suggests that vehicles mount footways to pass each other putting pedestrians at risk.
- 2.2.2 As part of the regeneration of the Town Centre a Traffic Management Plan is required to make recommendations and proposals to improve the flow of traffic along Fore Street. In addition it will look to incorporate other measures which will improve the experience for pedestrian and cyclists and encourage a greater use of the Town Centre.
- 2.2.3 Although there is a drive to encourage sustainable travel and reduce reliance on vehicles, it is understood that a high proportion of customers using businesses within the Town Centre are reliant on cars due to their rural location and the lack of alternative infrastructure. The Traffic Management Plan will therefore look to incorporate suitable facilities for vehicles travelling from the outlying areas whilst encouraging a higher proportion of local residents to walk or cycle from the adjacent urban areas.

### 2.3 Scoping & Methodology

- 2.3.1 The assessment contained within this report is based upon an initial desk study with feedback from discussions with the Bovey Tracey Town Council Town Centre Regeneration Committee. The desk study has encompassed publically available material comprising the following:
  - 2011 Census Data
  - Public Transport
  - Cycleway Network
  - Collision Data
- 2.3.2 To further inform the preliminary options derived from the desk study a questionnaire was sent to the businesses located along Fore Street. The results from those returned were collated to confirm if the selected options were compatible with the opinions of the local businesses.

# 3. Planning Policy, Legislation & Guidance

### 3.1 Overview

- 3.1.1 Within the context of national, regional and local policy the following planning and transport policies have been reviewed:
  - White Paper: Creating Growth, Cutting Carbon Making Sustainable Local Transport Happen (DfT, 2011)
  - Delivering a Sustainable Transport System (DfT, 2008)
  - Devon and Torbay Local Transport Plan 2011-2026
  - Teignbridge Local Plan 2013 2033
- 3.1.2 Whilst each policy looks at particular elements of transport the core aspect that appears in each is long term sustainability and improved accessibility to the network.
- 3.1.3 This assessment looks at how the Town Centre can achieve these objectives through a sustainable and safer transport regime that not only supports the regeneration of the Town Centre but provides benefits to the surrounding community.
- 3.1.4 National Legislation that is pertinent to the assessment and have been reviewed:
  - Traffic Management Act (2004)
  - New Roads and Street Works Act (1991)
- 3.1.5 Within the context of national, regional and local best practice guidance the following have been reviewed:
  - Travelling to School: a good practice guide (DfT 2003)
  - Sustrans Safe Routes to Schools information sheet FS01
  - Manual for Streets (2007) & Manual for Streets 2: Wider Application of Principles (2010)
- 3.2 White Paper: Creating Growth, Cutting Carbon Making Sustainable Transport Happen (DfT 2011)
- 3.2.1 The paper, published by the Department for Transport in January 2011, sets out the Government vision for a transport system that is not only an engine for economic growth, but one that is also greener and safer and improves quality of life in communities.
- 3.2.2 It advises that people can be encouraged to utilise public transport if the 'end-to-end' journey experience is improved. For example better relationships between bus / rail / walking and cycling via measures such as time table integration / bus stop positions / station travel plans and designated walking and cycling routes.

### 3.3 Delivering a Sustainable Transport System (DfT 2008)

- 3.3.1 The paper published by the Department for Transport in November 2008 replaces the earlier 2007 paper entitled 'Towards a Sustainable Transport System'.
- 3.3.2 It considers private sector funding important within the future of transport and states:'All possible funding mechanisms are considered, with the leveraging of private finance to deliver best value for money a key element'.
- 3.3.3 Within the paper five goals for transport are set out, these are reproduced below:
  - To support national economic competitiveness and growth, by delivering reliable and efficient transport network;
  - To reduce transport's emissions of carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases, with the desired outcome of tackling climate change;
  - To contribute to better safety, security and health and longer life-expectancy by reducing the risk of death, injury or illness arising from transport and by promoting travel modes that are beneficial to health
  - To promote greater equality of opportunity for all citizens, with the desired outcome of achieving a fairer society;
  - To improve quality of life for transport users and non-transport users, and to promote a healthy natural environment.

### 3.4 Devon and Torbay Local Transport Plan 2011-2026

- 3.4.1 The Local Transport Plan, published in April 2011, builds upon the previous version and looks to shape a transport system that will offer business, communities and individuals safe and sustainable travel choices whilst delivering a successful economy and a prosperous healthy population in an attractive environment.
- 3.4.2 To achieve these aims the following recommendations are made:
  - Deliver and support new development and economic growth
  - Protect the existing transport network by best use of the asset and targeted maintenance
  - Prioritise traffic management
  - Work with communities to provide safe, sustainable and low carbon transport choices
  - Strengthen and improve the public transport network
  - Become the 'Place to be naturally active by developing and investing in the rural and urban cycle and walking network'

#### 3.5 Teignbridge Local Plan 2013 - 2033

3.5.1 The Teignbridge Local Plan was adopted on the 06 May 2014. The plan sets out the visions and objectives for the District and establishes a policy framework to meet the predicted environmental, social and economic scenarios that will affect the area over the period of the plan. The policies considered relevant to this assessment are reproduced below for reference:

### S9 Sustainable Transport

The transport system will offer businesses, communities and individuals safe and sustainable transport choices, helping to deliver a low carbon, successful economy and stronger, healthier communities through an integrated approach to transport and development which accounts for likely demographic changes. The impact of new development on transport will be assessed and development located and designed to:

- promote public transport, cycling and walking as transport modes of choice, minimising dependence on cars;
- provide and link to strengthened, improved and extended public transport, cycling and walking networks and green infrastructure networks;
- promote connected, safe, resilient street networks, providing new roads or road improvements where these bring economic, environmental, safety or community benefits;
- minimise the negative impacts of transport including air and noise pollution and road safety through travel plans, demand management, improvement to existing transport infrastructure, provision of new transport infrastructure and appropriate parking for bicycles, cars and other vehicles;
- support infrastructure for electric vehicles:
- support community-based transport initiatives.

#### 3.6 Traffic Management Act 2004

The Traffic Management Act 2004 (TMA) was introduced to tackle congestion and disruption on the 3.6.1 road network. The TMA places a duty on Local Highway Authorities to make sure traffic moves freely on their roads and the roads of nearby Authorities. The TMA gives councils more tools to manage parking policies, coordinate street works and enforce some moving traffic offences.

#### 3.7 New Roads and Street Works Act 1991

- 3.7.1 This is the main item of legislation that enabled Local Highway Authorities to co-ordinate street works by utility companies with a view to minimising traffic disruption, including the duty to coordinate and the duty to maintain a 'register'.
- 3.7.2 The legislation also enables highway authorities to:
  - Establish permit schemes, under which promoters of street and highway works must obtain a permit to allow the works to be executed; and
  - Levy 'overrun charges' where street works are not completed within an agreed and reasonable period of time

### 3.8 Travelling to School: a good practice guide (DfT 2003)

- 3.8.1 The good practice guide identifies aims and objectives for reducing car journeys to school and encouraging alternative modes of transport that can provide health benefits. The document breaks these down to the following key points:
  - More walking and cycling Aim to increase levels of walking where journeys are less than a mile for younger children and less than two miles for older children. Encourage Local Authorities to develop infrastructure and training courses that will allow older children to cycle distances of up to three to five miles school along safe routes.
  - Encouraging bus use
     Aim to increase the number of children catching a bus to school instead of being driven there by parents, foster independence and encourage the use of alternative modes of transport from an early age so as they grow up they are less reliant on cars
  - Car sharing
     Where walking, cycling or public transport are not feasible the option of car sharing should be promoted. Parents can save time and money whilst cutting traffic congestion and air pollution.
  - Transport provision for children with special educational needs
     Provide appropriate levels of support on journeys to and from school to promote independence.
  - Sustainable travel and road safety within and beyond the curriculum
     Promote sustainable travel and road safety within the framework of the national curriculum.
  - School travel plans and accessibility planning
     Local Education and Transport Authorities to develop strategic approach to school travel issues and reduce car dependency.
- 3.8.2 The document encourages the development of strategies that combine 'hard' and 'soft' measures to encourage walking and cycling. Hard measures are defined as traffic calming and the creation of safer routes along with secure cycle parking, lockers, showers and changing facilities at schools. Soft measures include the organisation of crossing patrols, walking buses and cycle trains, on and off road training (to improve road skills and confidence) and classroom activities.
- 3.8.3 In particular the document recommends that Local Transport Authorities should consider the case for 20 mph zones around schools, although it is noted that this should be a local decision based on existing highway network constraints.

### 3.9 Sustrans Safe Routes to Schools information sheet FS01

3.9.1 The Sustran's School Travel Team encourages children to walk and cycle to school through a range of practical and educational measures. The Sustran's goal is to involve the whole school community in working together to make the school journey safer, healthier and more enjoyable for everyone.

# 4. Existing Situation

### 4.1 Existing Site Information

4.1.1 In determining the issues and developing objectives to tackle them it is necessary to analyse evidence pertaining to traffic management and congestion incidents.

### 4.2 Baseline Transport Data

#### 4.2.1 Census Data

The 2011 Census Data provides information on car ownership within the Bovey Ward (Parishes of Bovey Tracey and Lustleigh).

- 4.2.2 The survey illustrated that as a rural area the percentage of households that own a car are above the Teignbridge and County averages, only 10% of households did not own a car at the time of the census compared to 16% and 17%. The percentage of households with single or two car ownership are therefore understandably higher at 46 and 33% in comparison to the Teignbridge and County figures of 43 / 44 % and 30/29 % respectively.
- 4.2.3 The travel to work statistics reinforce the high car usage associated with a rural economy with 65% of people in the ward utilising a car compared to the County average of 60%. However, it is also notable that 13% work from home compared to the Country average of 9%. Although when compared to the 2001 census data there has been a reduction in the number of people working from home and an increase in those using a car to travel to work.
- 4.2.4 The cycling and walking statistics, 1% and 12% respectively, are lower than the County average, 3% and 15% respectively, and reflect the rural aspect. However, the percentage of people choosing to walk to work has increased marginally from the 2001 census.
- 4.2.5 Bus use has increased since 2001 but it is still below the County average.

### 4.2.6 Public Transport

Bus routes and stops have been determined from publically available sources on the basis that they would be the same sources local residents and visitors would utilise to assess public transport options.

- 4.2.7 There are two bus operators that maintain routes through Bovey Tracey Town Centre, these are Country Bus and Stage Coach.
- 4.2.8 Stagecoach operates a single service, Route 39, which connects Newton Abbot to Exeter via Chudleigh, Bovey Tracey and Heathfield. The service runs Monday to Saturday with a limited service on Sundays and Public Holidays. The frequency of the service is summarised in **Table 4-2** below:

Southbound (between 6am and 8 pm)		Northbound (between 6am and 8 pm)	
Weekday	26 stops	Weekday	22 stops
Saturday	21 stops	Saturday	12 stops
Sunday / Public Holidays	6 stops	Sunday / Public Holidays	6 stops

Table 4-1: Route 39 frequency

- 4.2.9 The route within the vicinity of Bovey Tracey comprises Newton Road / Fore Street / East Street / Bradley Road prior to exiting along the B3344 to Chudleigh Knighton. However, with the temporary closure of the B3344 at Bradley Bends the service has operated a one way system passing along Le Molay Littry Way / Bradley Road / East Street / Fore Street.
- 4.2.10 Country Bus operates two routes, 178 and 193, which connects Newton Abbot to Okehampton (via Moretonhampstead and Chagford) and Bovey Tracey to Newton Abbot (via Widecombe and Haytor) respectively. Both services are funded by Devon County Council and therefore have the potential to be restricted or withdrawn subject to financial constraints.
- 4.2.11 Service 178 operates Monday to Saturday (excluding Public Holidays) and stops at Union Square once in the Morning and once in the afternoon. Service 193 operates at a lesser frequency with only a Wednesday and Friday service provided.
- 4.2.12 The route of Service 178 reflects that of the Route 39 diversion which utilises the loop formed by Le Molay Littry Way / Bradley Road / East Street / Fore Street. Service 193 terminates at the stop located in Fore Street but presumably exits north up the high street as no prescribed turning facilities are available.
- 4.2.13 The accessible Town Centre bus stops are summarised in Table 4-2 below.

Locat	ion		Approx, Distance (km)
Stop Reference	Road Name	Service	
Opp. Methodist Church	Station Road	193	
Lloyds Pharmacy (Stop A)	Fore Street	39 / 178 / 193	
Opp. Town Hall	Fore Street	39 / 178	
Pound Place (E-bnd)	East Street	178	
Front House Lodge (W-bnd)	East Street	39 / 178	
Town Hall (W-bnd)	Fore Street	39 / 178	
Tesco Express (Stop B)	Fore Street	39 / 178 / 193	
Methodist Church (SW-bnd)	Station Road	193	
Riverside Surgery (SE-bnd)	Le Molay Littry Way	178	
Riiverside Surgery (NW-bnd)	Le Molay Littry Way	178	

Table 4-2: Bus Stops

4.2.14 A copy of the bus routes and timetables are reproduced in Appendix B for reference.

### 4.2.15 Cycle Network

The designated cycle routes within the vicinity of the Town Centre are illustrated in an inset on the Newton Abbot cycle map. A copy of the cycle network plan is reproduced at **Appendix C** for reference.

4.2.16 The route, which connects to Newton Abbot and passes through the outskirts of Bovey Tracey, is referenced as the 'Stover Trail' and has had recent investment to improve safety and construct missing links including a bridge of the A38. The trail makes use of and links two sections of National Route 28. Figure 4-2 illustrates the alignment of the trail and the sections of route 28.

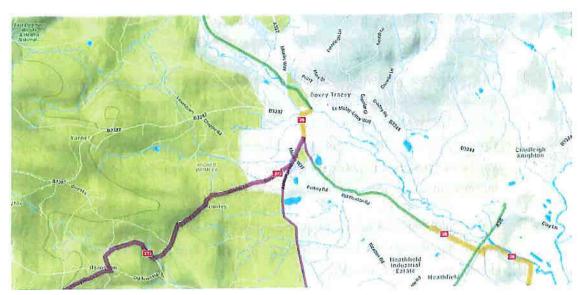


Figure 4-1: National Cycle Route 28

4.2.17 It is envisaged that National Route 28 of the National Cycle Network in Devon will run from Okehampton to Plymouth via Moretonhampstead, Newton Abbot, Totnes and Salcombe. The current section which benefits Bovey Tracey is described as:

Okehampton to South Zeal and Bovey Tracey two unconnected sections including an on-road section from the eastern edge of Okehampton to South Zeal and the Stover Way which links Fore Street in Bovey Tracey and Jetty Marsh Road in Newton Abbot, crossing over the A38 at Heathfield and travelling alongside the Stover Canal

4.2.18 The closest the route passes to the Town Centre is Station Road where the route makes use of the Mill Marsh Park Path.

### 4.2.19 Road Network

Manual for Streets provides guidance on carriageway and footway widths, the following widths should be considered in the context the existing provisions.

### Road widths:

- 4.1 m permits 2 cars to pass in opposing direction at slow speed or an HGV to pass cyclist
- 4.8 m permits 2 cars or an HGV and car to pass in opposing direction
- 5.5 m permits 2 HGV's pass in opposing directions at slow speed

### Footway widths:

- 0.75 m accommodates an adult pedestrian
- 0.9 m accommodates a wheelchair
- 1.2 m accommodates an adult pedestrian with child
- 1.2 m accommodates an adult adjacent to a pushchair
- 4.2.20 The Town Centre comprises of three distinct highway cross sections. At the lower end of Fore Street the carriageway varies in width from 4.8 m to 5.5 m and benefits from footways on both sides, the footways varying in width from 0.8 m to 2.0 m. The horizontal alignment of the highway corridor offers a high standard of forward visibility, allowing drivers to anticipate and take the appropriate action to negotiate oncoming vehicles. A Parallel parking bay of sufficient length to accommodate 3 cars is provided near number 1 Fore Street.
- 4.2.21 The mid-section of Fore Street includes the highest proportion of retail chain stores (Spar, Lloyds Pharmacy and Tesco) and an open vista created by the large junction of Abbey Road with Fore Street. The average road width in this area is 6.8 m with footways provided on both sides of Abbey Road and Fore Street. A parallel parking bay, of sufficient length to accommodate 6 cars, is located adjacent to the public house on Abbey Road. Along Fore Street a parallel parking bay, of sufficient length to accommodate 2 cars, is provided near to the bank.
- 4.2.22 It is notable that the area that will potentially generate the greatest combination of pedestrian / vehicle interactions has the greatest road width to cross but with no designated controlled or uncontrolled crossing provision.
- 4.2.23 The upper section of Fore Street is narrower in both carriageway and footway provision and has a lesser standard of forward visibility, resulting from the upward gradient of the road and gradual right hand bend, as it heads out of the Town Centre towards East Street. The carriageway varies in width from 4.3 m to 5.5 m with the footway approximately 0.6 m at its narrowest point.
- Although double yellow lines are provided on both sides of the road, to facilitate two way vehicle 4.2,24 movements, these are routinely ignored leading to congestion as large vehicles try and negotiate the 180 m length.

#### 4.2.25 **Parking Provision**

Two pay and display car parks are located in close proximity to the Town Centre, one private and one local authority operated.

Mary Street (73 spaces) - located off Mary Street with a footpath link through to Fore Street via Orchard Way. The car park is located on a relatively steep gradient which is not conducive to use by elderly visitors. Signage is from the southern end of Fore Street.

Abbey Road (circa 20 spaces) - located off Abbey Road with a footway link to Fore Street. The car park is of flat gradient.

### 4.2.26 Traffic Surveys

No data is currently available to determine volume and type of traffic using the Town Centre.

### 4,2,27 Collision Data

To understand the safety level of the existing highway, identifying any potential accident black spots that should be considered, an analysis of collision data has been undertaken as part of this assessment.

- 4.2.28 Five year Personal Injury Accident (PIA) records were requested from Devon County Council for the sections of highway network initially considered to be affected by the study. The data supplied covers the period from January 2010 to 31 December 2014 and is reproduced in Appendix D for reference.
- 4.2.29 In summary four reported accidents have occurred on the examined section of highway network over the five year period. These have been categorised as one serious and three slight and are notably at the section of Fore Street which is of an open highway vista and with the greatest concentration of businesses.
- 4.2.30 The accident classified as serious involved a pedestrian and vehicle.
- 4.2.31 The remaining three accidents classified as slight all involved either vehicles colliding with each other, pedestrians or cyclists.
- 4.2.32 The close proximity of these incidents suggests that opportunities exist to reduce further incidents by a combination of the following:
  - Reduce road width through this section of the town centre and narrow the open highway vista which encourages higher vehicle speeds.
  - Alter junction layout to make the road less dominant.
  - Provide designated crossing points.
- 4.2.33 Subsequent to the original data set a further 2 years of data, 2015 to 2016, was reviewed to confirm if further accidents have occurred at the junction with Fore Street. The record shows one slight and one serious accident has occurred during this period.

### 4.2.34 Business Survey

Surveys were issued to businesses located along Fore Street to look at patterns in both deliveries / collections and customers using them. In addition the questionnaire asked for opinions from the businesses as to what they felt were the issues with current situation and what they felt would improve their customer experience. Approximately one third of the surveys were returned completed. A copy of the template survey is reproduced in **Appendix E** for reference.

- 4.2.35 Out of the 19 returned questionnaires 16 identified that the deliveries / collections / customers parked illegally to access the business. The majority of these were via cars and small vans with a smaller percentage of LGV's and HGV's.
- 4.2.36 Only one business advised their deliveries / collections of a maximum vehicle size that could access premises, however 13 stated that they did not think there was sufficient space for deliveries / collections.
- 4.2.37 Five reasons for delivery / collections problems were identified, these comprised of the following:
  - · Illegal parking obstructing legal parking spaces
  - Buses mounting footways whilst negotiating narrow roads / illegally parked vehicles
  - · Buses creating gridlock with oncoming vehicles
  - Enforcement of illegal parking
  - · No taxi specific parking areas
- 4.2.38 A variety of suggestions were made of changes that would benefit businesses, these are listed below with the figure in brackets representing the number of responses that identified the same improvement:
  - 30 minute high street parking (10)
  - 1 hour high street parking patient related (2)
  - One way system (2)
  - Better enforcement of parking (1)
  - Improvements to footway wider / better surfacing (2)
  - Inclusion of loading bays (2)
  - Free all day parking (1)

### 4.2.39 School Travel Plan

Bovey Tracey Primary School is located off Abbey Road, approximately 120 m from Fore Street. They operate a School Travel Plan (STP) that was prepared in 2005 to 2006 and are considered to be a key contributor to traffic flows during peak hours. The STP identifies (in 2005 – 2006) a total of 46 full and part time staff and 300 pupils.

- 4.2.40 The travel plan identifies five aims for reducing dependency on cars and promoting awareness of health and environmental issues:
  - Reduce the number of children arriving at school in cars and encourage either walking to school or a park and walk scheme
  - Reduce the number of cars parking near the school
  - Explore the possibility of new safe routes for walkers and cyclists
  - Provide cycle storage if a safe cycle route can be established
  - Raise awareness of health and environmental issues to increase uptake of walking and cycling to school as part of healthy living

- 4.2.41 The TP states that approximately 20 children travel to school by bus from the outlying settlements of Lustleigh and Hawkmoor, whether this is by public service or dedicated school bus service is unclear.
- 4.2.42 Although it is recognised there are two car parks, one public and one private, within the vicinity of the school it is observed by the school that the majority of parents park on the road side to avoid paying for parking, the small school car park being of insufficient capacity to cope with demand. It is noted within the STP that this causes congestion on the surrounding roads and a hazard to children such that cycling is not encouraged. A walking bus scheme operated for a short period but collapsed due to a lack of support.
- 4.2.43 As part of the TP a survey of parents was undertaken which informed the school of parent priorities that would encourage them to alter their mode of transport, these comprised:
  - Slower vehicle speeds
  - Less traffic
  - Crossings facilities for cyclists
  - Improved traffic free routes for cyclists
  - Greater care by motorists
  - Secure cycle parking
  - Cycle road safety training
- 4.2.44 In addition they asked for views on road safety, two of which directly identified issues along Fore Street:
  - Illegal parking in Fore Street causes congestions (9 respondents)
  - Cars and buses mount narrow footways so parents are not confident to let children walk on their own
- 4.2.45 Parents were also asked to propose ideas for improving access to the school, some of which are reproduced below:
  - Safer route through Mill Marsh Park linking to school across the river to bypass the high street (7 respondents)
  - Free parking permit system in car parks to encourage park and walk
  - Create a pedestrian crossing at Fore Street
  - One way traffic system
- 4.2.46 The children were asked about the risk associated with various routes to school, the ones relevant to the area of study are:
  - The top of Fore Street opposite the Town Hall where cars often park on the pavement (hazard identified by 6 children)
  - From Cromwells Arch to Fore Street (hazard identified by 11 children)
  - Lower Fore Street near the junction with Abbey Road (hazard identified by 6 children)

The evidence contained within the TP identifies similar issues to those experienced by the 4.2.47 businesses with solutions that can be mutually beneficial in the Traffic Management Plan.

# 5. Traffic Management Strategy

### 5.1 Initial Concepts

- 5.1.1 Six options were considered at the initial stages which were subsequently informed by the collected data, these comprised:
  - 'Do Nothing' scenario with users of the high street adjusting behavior to accommodate constraints
  - On street parking with traffic calming, two way traffic flows with priority in one direction to mitigate gridlock potential
  - Alternative Bus Routes removing buses from Fore Street
  - One Way System commencing after the junction of Mary Street with East Street
  - One Way System commencing after the junction of Coombe Close with Bradley Road
  - Pedestrianisation of Fore Street
- 5.1.2 The removal of buses from Fore Street has been discounted for two reasons. Firstly this conflicts with the STP (which identifies that circa 20 children utilise buses to travel to school) and secondly, although this would remove one element of conflict, the illegal parking would still result in HGV delivery vehicles failing to be able to pass each other freely.
- 5.1.3 The default 'Do Nothing' scenario has been considered, however it is understood that Stagecoach has contemplated removing the bus service from the Town Centre due to continued disruption of scheduled stops resulting from congestion. It is also understood that vehicles have suffered damage from negotiating the street during peak hours when illegally parked vehicles have caused obstructions.
- 5.1.4 The 'Do Nothing' scenario also fails to address safety and modal switch issues already highlighted by the STP in 2005/6. The failure to provide suitable walking / cycling infrastructure for a Town Centre school over the previous ten years will have exacerbated the congestion experienced at peak hours.

### 5.2 Congestion

- 5.2.1 It is evidenced from both site visits and feedback to the business questionnaire that the primary cause of congestion is the conflict between opposing traffic flows attempting to negotiate upper section of Fore Street once it has been narrowed by illegal parking.
- 5.2.2 Two options were explored to mitigate the congestion, the first option is to maintain a two way system but implement traffic calming in the form of chicanes with priority to inbound vehicles.

  Although this would in theory prevent the conflict of opposing traffic flows it would not work well with delivery vehicles.

- The second option is to implement a one way system similar to the one utilised by Stagecoach 5.2,3 during the recent road closure. This would route vehicles via Le Molay Littry Way, Bradley Road and East Street. By implementing a one way system a larger area of the highway corridor would be freed up for either widening footways at existing pinch points, provision of legal parking bays, altering junction geometry to narrow the width of carriageway for pedestrians to cross (either at a controlled or uncontrolled crossing) and space to provide cycle infrastructure.
- It is understood that the re-routing of the bus route along a new one way system would be 5.2.4 supported by Stagecoach. There is the potential that this re-route could provide more frequent stops at the Surgery located on Le Moray Littry Way and benefit local residents.
- 5.2.5 However, any implementation of a one way system would need to be consulted on in particular with those residents located along Fore Street. It is proposed that the one way system would commence at the Town Hall, as this provides a feature that defines the change in highway corridor, and continue to Le Moray Littry Way.
- The option to extend the one way system further to the east, encompassing a section of Bradley 5.2.6 Road down to Coombe Close, has been considered. This would have a greater impact on the highway network with at least three adjoining through roads, where vehicles may turn towards Chudleigh Knighton, affected. These comprising:
  - Moretonhampstead Road (via Mary Street)
  - Furzeleigh Road (via Mary Street)
  - Trough Lane
- This would potentially increase vehicle movements through the Town Centre which would not 5.2.7 necessarily increase footfall to businesses but instead increase congestion with a detrimental effect. If this option was to be considered further detailed traffic counts would be required along Mary Street, Bradley Road and Fore Street to determine current usage of the highway network and also at the junctions of May Street with Fore Street and East Street.

#### 5.3 Parking Provision

Although there is currently some legal on street parking provision along Fore Street the majority of 5.3.1 parking taking place is illegal. Business responses provided, identified that it would be of benefit to have a greater number of legal parking bays with a 30 minute free parking allowance. This would allow those users who currently park illegally to use the businesses to have time to browse and potentially spend more.

- Three businesses identified that they would like to have a 1 hour free parking allowance which is 5.3.2 more in tune with the customer's time requirements, i.e patients or funeral consultation. However, a longer free period reduces the faster turnover of on street parking that would benefit the businesses as a whole. It is considered that a free 30 minute parking limit with a chargeable extra 30 minute period, as per other areas in Devon, would satisfy these criteria.
- Currently there is one legal loading bay, located by Tesco, in Fore Street. However, there are 5.3.3 other businesses which would benefit from a similar facility and these may take the form of either line markings on the carriageway or alternatively widened footways with loading areas designated by contrasting surfacing and kerbs. The benefit of the widened footway scenario is that when vehicles are not loading / unloading they provide a greater width and maintain a greater distance from moving cars to pedestrians.
- To reduce school peak hour traffic from the high street it is proposed that a permit scheme should 5.3.4 be considered for the Mary Street car park that would allow parents to park for free for a period of 1 hour to allow them to walk their children to school. Although it would not necessarily take them 1 hour to make the journey it would allow them to visit the businesses on their return journey potentially increasing footfall to the local shops. With the current situation businesses experience the congestion on the high street but without any benefit of footfall as parents hastily return to their illegally parked vehicles and leave the town centre. A trial could easily be implemented by handing out printed cards, for placing in car windscreens, to parents who wish to participate and liaising with the car park enforcement officers and local authority responsible for the operation of the car park.

#### Signing Schemes 5.4

- It is recommended that new signs identifying walking / cycling routes are similar to those installed 5.4.1 in Exeter which show a 'time to' rather than distance. These should be installed at locations such as car parks and at the intersection of the 'Stover Trail' to direct people to the town centre facilities.
- If Route 39 can be utilised such that it stops at the Surgery bus stop then signage should be 5.4.2 located to direct people to the Town Centre defining the walking time it would take them.
- Apart from traffic calming to reduce vehicle speeds, in the town centre, new gateway signage could 5.4.3 be provided at either end of the proposed one way system which incorporated artwork from the school children. This would publicise the speed limit directly to local residents and enforce the need for drivers to take care along Fore Street.

#### 5.5 Town Centre Pedestrianisation

5.5.1 Although pedestrianisation of the high street would remove the incidents of vehicle and pedestrian collisions and potentially encourage a greater number of children to walk to school it has two draw backs. Firstly it will remove access to the shops from passing through traffic trade and those users of the businesses who require car access and secondly it would impact upon the residents who live along Fore Street who currently have vehicular access to their properties.

#### 5.6 'Safer Routes' schemes

- 5.6.1 The school travel plan identified that parents would encourage their children to walk or cycle to school, therefore reducing congestion caused by the school run, if there was adequate safe provision in the form of footways and cycleways.
- 5.6.2 It is therefore recommended that the provision of a cycleway from Le Molay Littry Way up Fore Street is considered as part of the proposals. This may be achieved by either widening the footway on the eastern side of the carriageway or providing an on road marked section along the western side. It is possible that this may reduce the number of parking bays shown on the Option 1 plan in this area but the benefits of encouraging a greater number of children to walk or cycle to school safely outweighs this. In addition it may encourage leisure users of the promoted 'Stover Trail' to enter the high street and use the restaurant and café facilities located off the main route.
- 5.6.3 As part of any cycleway designed to encourage user of the 'Stover Trail' to divert into the Town Centre there must be sufficient provision for cyclists to leave their bikes. It is therefore proposed that as an absolute minimum cycle stands should be provided at three points along Fore Street, subject to funds and available space consideration should be given to cycle lockers which could be used by business staff to encourage a change in their mode of travel to work.

#### 5.7 Traffic Regulation Orders

- A Traffic Regulation Order (TRO) would be required for both the removal of the existing double 5.7.1 yellow lines and the implementation of a one way system. TRO's require consultation with specific Stakeholders which normally comprise local councillors and parish councils, emergency services and public transport operators. Local residents, businesses and community groups may also be consulted directly,
- 5.7.2 Once consultation with specific Stakeholders has been completed and any amendments made to the proposal the TRO is advertised in the local media and notices fixed at the affected roads. The proposals are made available on line and in the local council office for comment. Objections are considered by local councillors and the highway authority and a decision made to proceed with the scheme or abandon it.

5.7.3 Experimental TRO's can be used in situations that require monitoring and reviewing, they usually last no more than eighteen months before they are abandoned or made permanent.

# 6. Delivery Plan

### 6.1 Implementation

6.1.1 It is recommended that the implementation of the proposed scheme should comprise two phases:

### Phase 1:

The implementation of the one way system with an 18 month experimental TRO (including the removal of sections of double yellow lines). Changes to road geometry delineated with white line marking and new parking bays marked. Securing of funds through the Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) from local development.

#### Phase 2:

Subject to a review of the effectiveness of the one way system, the permanent implementation of the TRO. Permanent works including realignment of kerb lines, changes to surface textures and controlled crossing facilities.

# 7. Conclusions and Recommendations

### 7.1 Traffic Flows and Congestion

- 7.1.1 The analysis suggests that changing Fore Street to a one way system will mitigate the current conflicts of vehicles travelling in opposing directions along the sections of highway restricted in width by illegal parking.
- 7.1.2 It is also recommended that one of the initiatives of the school Travel Plan is trialled to reduce the number of school journey affecting the junction of Abbey Road and Fore Street. This comprises the issue of school passes to a number of parents to allow them to park in Mary Street car park for 1 hour for free during 8.30 and 9.30 am. The secondary aim of this is to encourage those parents who would normally drop their children off by car, and then leave the Town Centre straight away, to use the local businesses on their way back to the car park.
- 7.1.3 By removing one lane of traffic from Fore Street sufficient room is created to incorporate additional legal parking bays. These can be positioned such that the remaining road width is sufficiently narrow to reduce vehicle speeds. In addition the junction of Abbey Road and Fore Street would be dramatically altered to remove the excess carriageway width which encourages excess speed and illegal parking within visibility splays. Discussions during the consultation period have favoured the operation of a one way system flowing south to north, i.e uphill. It is considered that this is more in keeping with the natural flow of traffic, especially that generated by tourist trade, where existing signage directs vehicles to this point. A copy of the preferred scheme is reproduced in **Appendix I**.

### 7.2 Walking / Cycling

- 7.2.1 Similarly by removing one lane of traffic from Fore Street sufficient room is created to widen footways and provide safer walking routes for school children and customers of local business.
- 7.2.2 A combined footway / cycleway should be constructed between Le Molay Littry Way and Abbey Road to encourage cyclists using 'Stover Trail' to divert into the Town Centre to use cafés and restaurants. In addition this section of footway / cycleway would provide a safe route to school for children who wished to cycle or walk to school.
- 7.2.3 This section of footway / cycleway would need to be combined with a controlled crossing (Toucan Crossing) to enable the safe crossing of Fore Street.

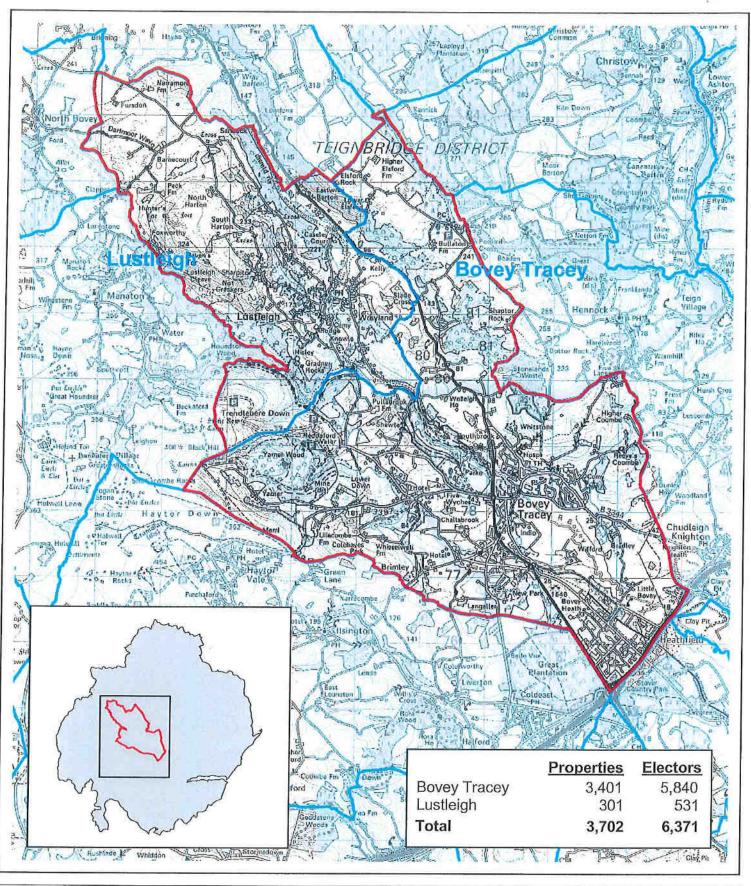
### 7.3 Public Transport

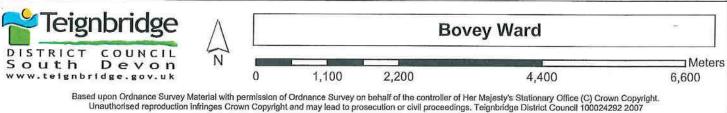
- 7.3.1 It is understood that Stagecoach would support a one way system if it was aligned so that vehicles travelled down the gradient towards Le Molay Littry Way. This route would replicate the temporary one way system operated by Stagecoach as a result of the road closure at Bradley Bends. However, a one way system based on this route would require the southern end of Fore Street to be closed to traffic and there is concern that tourism based traffic which would logically flow into the town centre from the southern would be lost.
- 7.3.2 With the re-routing of the service is the potential to increase the frequency of stops at the Surgery located on Le Molay Littry Way. This would require negotiation with Stagecoach but with the potential of increased revenue has a reasonable probability of acceptance.

### 7.4 Recommendations

- 7.4.1 Although the digital ordnance survey mapping provides a level of accuracy in determining road widths for preliminary designs it is advisable to undertake a topographical survey of Fore Street to validate the proposed alterations and potentially increase the number of parking bays.
- 7.4.2 If the initial proposals are acceptable to the Town Centre Regeneration Committee then preliminary discussions should be held with Devon County Councils Area Highway Officer.

# Appendix A 2011 Census Data





on Type				N=		
		2001			2011	
	<b>Bovey Tracey</b>			<b>Bovey Tracey</b>		
All household spaces	Rural	Teignbridge	Devon	Rural	Teignbridge	Devon
Detached houses	47%	38%	36%	44%	37%	35%
Semi-detached houses	23%	24%	25%	22%	24%	25%
Terraced houses	23%	23%	24%	21%	23%	23%
Flats (purpose built)	3%	%2	8%	3%	8%	10%
	3%	2%	2%	3%	2%	4%
_	2%	2%	2%	2%	1%	1%
100	2%	2%	1%	2%	2%	1%

	1	2001		T word	2011	
All households	bovey I racey Rural	Teignbridge	Devon	Bovey Hacey	Teignbridge	Devon
No cars or vans in household	12%	18%	19%	40%	16%	17%
One car or van in household	48%	46%	47%	46%	43%	44%
Two cars or vans in household	31%	28%	26%	33%	30%	29%
Three cars or vans in household	%9	%9	2%	2%	8%	7%
Four or more cars or vans in household	2%	2%	2%	3%	3%	3%
All cars or vans in the area	6,231	65,696	370,226	7,042	75,443	436,533

Transport

Change 2001 to 2011				
No cars or vans in household	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>♦</b> 18%	11%	%6 <b>≯</b>
One car or van in household	>	%9	%L <b>→</b>	%4 1%
Two cars or vans in household	4	2%	%8 <b>*</b>	%8 <b>*</b>
Three cars or vans in ousehold	*	21%	%9€ ₩	₩ 33%
Four or more cars or vans in household	•	%68	<b>♦</b> 57%	₾ 62%
All cars or vans in the area	4	₩ 811	4 9,747	\$ 66,307

		Devon	%6	000	%	700	0/1	4%	%0		1%	%09	20/	070	3%	150/	20,0
*****		Teignbridge	%8	/80	0.00	2%	700	0.70	%0	101	%1	%99	20%	0/0	. 5%	11%	10/
	Bovey Tracey	Kurai	13%	%U	200	%	706	270	%0	10/	0/1	%69	4%	407	%	12%	1%
			14%		1							0/.04	2%	706	2/0	14%	1%
2001	Teignbridge	100/	1570	%0	10%	0/1	3%	700	0/0	5%	,0CA	000	9%9	1%	440/	1.70	1%
	Bovey Tracey Rural	18%	200	%0	%0	707	%.	%0	707	%-	61%	707	1/0	%	110%	0/11	1%
45		1	Underground metro light roil trans	בייבי: פיספוים, וווכמס, ווקוור ומוו, וומווו	Train	Rue minibus or seest	Eds, millions of coach	Taxi	Motorcycle scooter or mosed	הפיסים ליים היים היים היים היים היים היים הי	Driving a car or van	Passenger in a car or yan		Bicycle	On foot	Other mothod of twenty	Cure memor or travel to work

Work mainly at or from home			
	30%	<b>♦</b> 35%	340%
Underground, metro, light rail, tram	▶ 22%	<b>♦</b> 38%	35%
Train	%96 V	%86 <b>*</b>	% 20% W
Bus, minibus or coach	× 26%	%6 <b>&gt;</b>	1%
Taxi	175%	<b>♦</b> 1%	36%
Motorcycle, scooter or moped	36%	<b>♦</b> 33%	300
Driving a car or van	%/ 1%	% <u>1</u> %′	260/
Passenger in a car or van	3%	<b>★</b> 17%	4%
Bicycle	4%	<b>♦</b> 27%	15%
On foot	%8 *	%2 🔷	1
Other method of travel to work	₩ 2%	<b>*</b> 16%	<b>★</b> 14%

	<b>Bovey Tracey</b>		
All households	Rural	Teignbridge	Devon
nousehold is not deprived in any dimension	47%	44%	44%
Household is deprived in 1 dimension	34%	34%	34%
Household is deprived in 2 dimensions	16%	18%	18%
Household is deprived in 3 dimensions	3%	4%	4%
Household is deprived in 4 dimensions	%0	%0	%0

#### Appendix B Bus Routes

## Ostagecoach south WEST network map



#### Exeter • Chudleigh • Bovey Tracey • Heathfield • Newton Abbot

	-	MAN NAME						_								_			
IONDAYS TO FRIDAYS except B	ank H	oliday	1					-											
xeter Bus Station			0700	0740	0830	0900	0930			30			1430		1530		1615		
ountess Wear Roundabout			0710	0752	0842	0912	0942		then	42			1442		1543		1632		
hudleigh Memorial	0612		0727	0809	0859	0929	0959		at	59			1459		1603		1654		
	0618		0733	0815		0935	1005		these	05			1505		1609		1700		
ovey Tracey Riverside Surgery	V	0655	V	V	V	V	_	1040	mins	V	40	until	~	1540	7	1640	-	1740	
ovey Tracey Union Square	0627	0659	0742	0824	0914	0944	1014	1044	past	14	44		1514	1544	1618	1644	1709	1744	
eathfield Battle Rd	0637	0709	0752	0834	0924	0954	1024	1054	each	24	54		1524	1554	1628	1654	1719	1754	
rumbridges Roundabout	0640	0712	0755	0837	0927	0957	1027	1057	hour	27	57		1527	1557	1631	1657	1722	1757	
ewton Abbot Sherborne Rd	0650	arrived in a least	0805	0850	0937	1007	1037	1107		37	07		1537	1607	1644	1707	1735	1807	
CWION ADDOC SHCIDOME NO	0029					31515-60													
xeter Bus Station	1710		1805	1905	1945														
ountess Wear Roundabout	1728		1822	1915	1953														
hudleigh Memorial	1750		1844	1932	2008														
	1756		1850	1938	2014														
ovey Tracey Riverside Surgery	7	1840	V	-															
ovey Tracey Union Square	1805	1844	1859	1946															
eathfield Battle Rd	1815	1854	1909	1955	7														
rumbridges Roundabout	1818	1857	1912	1957	2019														
ewton Abbot Sherborne Rd	1831	1907	1925	2006	2029														
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eathfield Battle Rd	0819	0924	0954	each	24	54		1524	1554	1634	1654	1719	1804	1824	1920				
rumbridges Roundabout	0822	0927	0957	hour	27	57		1527	1557	1637	1657	1722	1807	1827	1922	2009			
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#### Newton Abbot • Heathfield • Bovey Tracey • Chudleigh • Exeter

39

MONDAYS TO FRIDAYS except B	ank Ho	olidays								_	-		_							
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Orumbridges Roundabout	0620	0643	0705	0735	0825	0925	0955	1025	then	55	25		1555	1625	1700	1725	1757	1825	1850	1950
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Chudleigh Memorial	0631	0709	0731	0801	0851	0951	1021		each	21			1621		1726		1823		1913	
Countess Wear Roundabout	0647	0726	0755	0825	0908	1008	1038		hour	38			1638		1743		1840		1930	
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Heathfield Battle Rd	0732	0828	0858	0958	1028		58	28		1558	1628	1728	1758		1952					
Bovey Tracey Union Square	0741	0838	0908	1008	•	these	08			1608		1738		1848	~					
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Chudleigh Memorial	0754	0851	0921	1021		each	21			1621		1751		1901						
Countess Wear Roundabout	0811	0908	0938	1038		hour	38			1638		1808		1918						
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Chudleigh Memorial	1014	1214	1414	1614	1814	2014										-			-	
Countess Wear Roundabout	1031	1231	1431	1631	1831	2031														
Exeter Bus Station	1044	1244	1444	1644	1844	2044														



Timetable Information
 Lost Property
 Vacancies
 Complaints

☐ Excursions
☐ 16 to 78 seat vehicles
☐ Private Hire
☐ Wheelchair Access

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From 21st September 2015 (Except Public Holidays) Monday - Saturday

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	wton Abbot – Okehampton via Moretonhampstead & Chagford
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Charles Business Park, Old Newton Road, Heathfield, Newton Abbot, Devon, TQ12 6UT. ountrybusdevon.co.uk e-mail:info@countrybusdevon.co.uk one: 01626 833664 Facsimile: 01626 835648	huo
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Newton Abbot, Sherborne Road B	08:55	13.50			No.
Liverton, Benedicts Road	80.60	14.03		()	12:45
Liverton, Cummings Cross	00:00	7.00		•	12:50
Bovey Tracey, Dolphin Square	01.00	1 1 2		9	12:54
BoveyTracey, Union Square	03.TO	14.TO	Giblands Park, Vixen Tor Close	36	13:00
Lustleigh, Turn	09.25	14.19	Sticklepath, Devonshire Inn	1	13:09
Lustleigh, Bishops Stone	)	14.21	South Zeal, The Croft	•	13:12
Lustleigh, Turn	09.25	14.23	South Tawton, Church	1	13:17
Moretonhampstead, The Square	09:36	14.34	South Zeal, Oxenham Arms	LIE	13:21
Moretonhampstead, Court St Car Pk arr.	09-38	14.26	Williadon Down, Post Inn	T/	13:30
Guaranteed Connection	8	1	Sandypark Inn	E	13:36
Moretonhampstead. Court St Car Dk den	00.40		Easton Cross (for Chagford)	E	13:38
Easton Cross (for Charford)	09:40	L	Chagford, The Square	ı	13:42
Chagford, The Square	09:48	r,	Easton Cross (for Moretonhampstead)	ı	13:48
Faston Cross (for Okahamutan)	09:54	r	Moretonhampstead, Court St Car Pk arr.		13:56
Sandypark Inn	10:00	£	Guaranteed Connection		▶
Whiddon Down. Post Inn	10:02	1	Moretonhampstead, Court St Car Pk dep.	09:45	13:57
South Zeal, Oxenham Arms	10.08	1	Moretonhampstead, The Square	09:46	13:58
South Tawton, Church	10.10	1	Lustleigh, Turn	75:60	14:09
South Zeal, The Croft	10:24		Lustleign, Bishops Stone	10:00	14:12
Sticklepath, Devonshire Inn	10.27	9	Lustieigh, Iurn	10:03	14:15
Giblands Park, Vixen Tor Close	10:38	))	Bovey Iracey, Union Square	10:12	14:24
Hunters Gate, The Heathers	10.42		Bovey Tracey, Dolphin Square	10:13	14:25
Okehampton, Fore Street Arcade	10.46	0 3	Liverton, Cummings Cross	10;18	14:30
Okehampton, Market Street	10.50	i li	Liverton, Benedicts Road	10:20	14:32
	W - Giornaton	1000	Newton Abbot, Sherborne Road B	10:35	14:47

Guaranteed connection, through fares available



Bovey Tracey - Newton Abbot via Widecombe & Haytor King Charles Business Park, Old Newton Road, Heathfield, Newton Abbot, Devon, TQ12 GUT. www.countrybusdevon.co.uk e-mail:ihrfo@countrybusdevon.co.uk
Telephone: 01626 833664 Facsimile: 01626 835648

☐ Timetable Information

☐ Excursions
☐ 16 to 78 seat vehicles
☐ Private Hire
☐ Wheelchair Access

Wednesday & Friday

(except Public Holidays)

From 03/01/14

0800 954 8975

Lost Property
 Vacancies
 Complaints

<b>Bovey Tracey Union Square</b>	09:32	Newton Abbot Sherborne Road	13:45
Haytor Moorlands Hotel	09:42	Bickington Bow Bridge	13:55
Haytor Vale Rock Inn	09:43	Liverton: Benedicts Road	13:58
Ilsington Church	09:49	Cummings Cross	14:00
Liverton: Telegraph View	09:53	Liverton: Telegraph View	14:02
Cummings Cross	09:55	Ilsington Church	14:06
Liverton: Benedicts Road	09:57	Haytor Vale Rock Inn	14:14
Bickington Shelter	10:01	Haytor Moorlands Hotel	14:15
Newton Abbot Sherborne Road	10:15	Bovey Tracey Union Square	Request

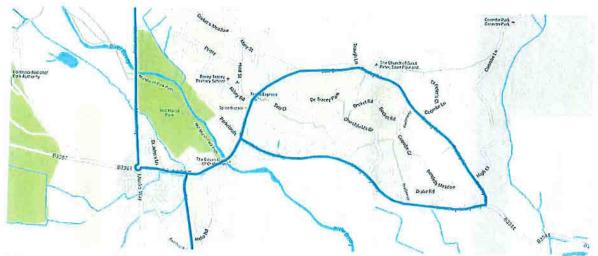






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0871 200 22 33 calls from landlines cost 10p per minute

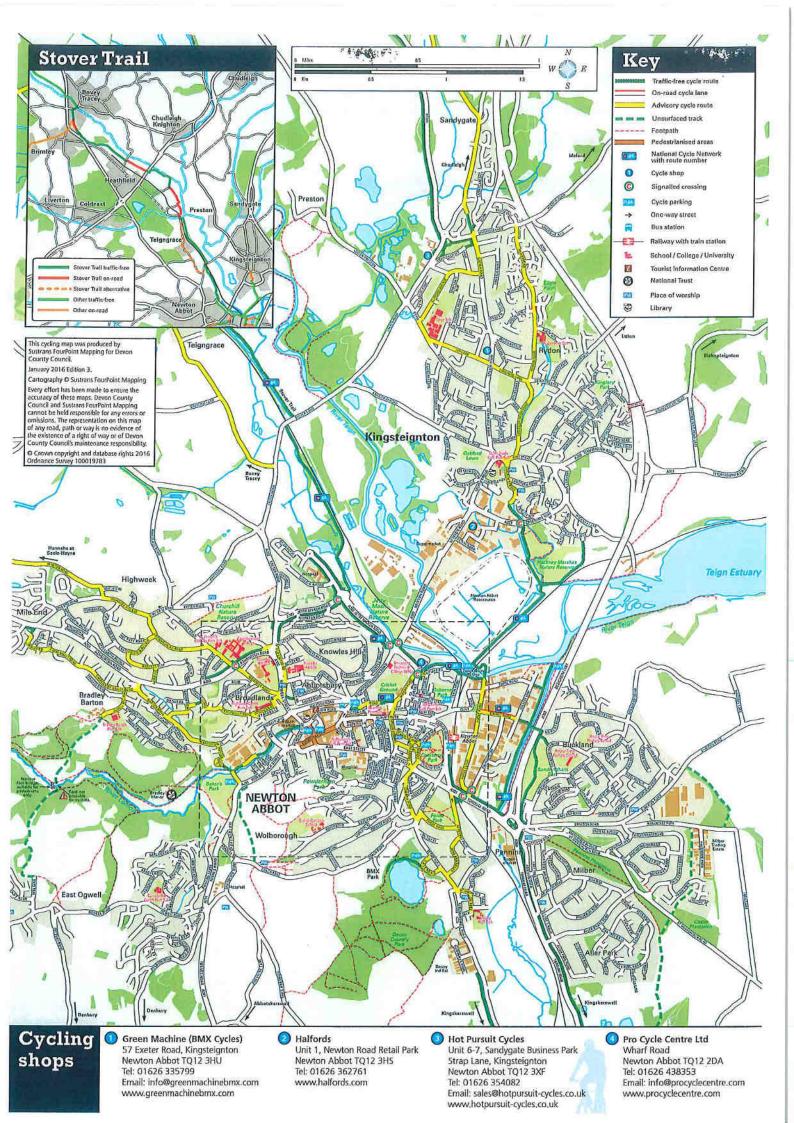


Route 178

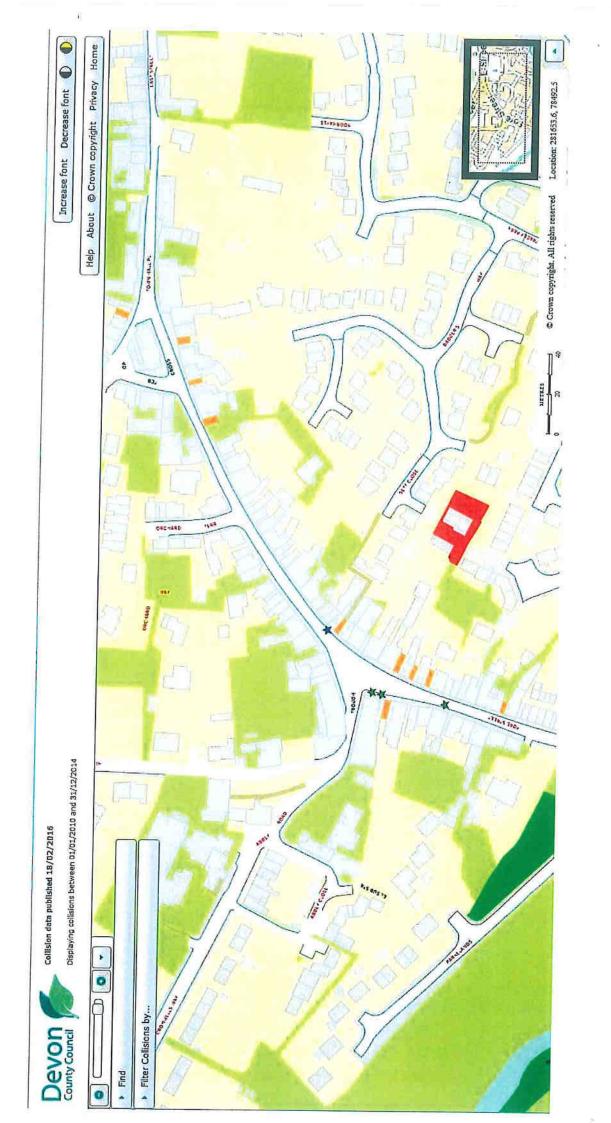


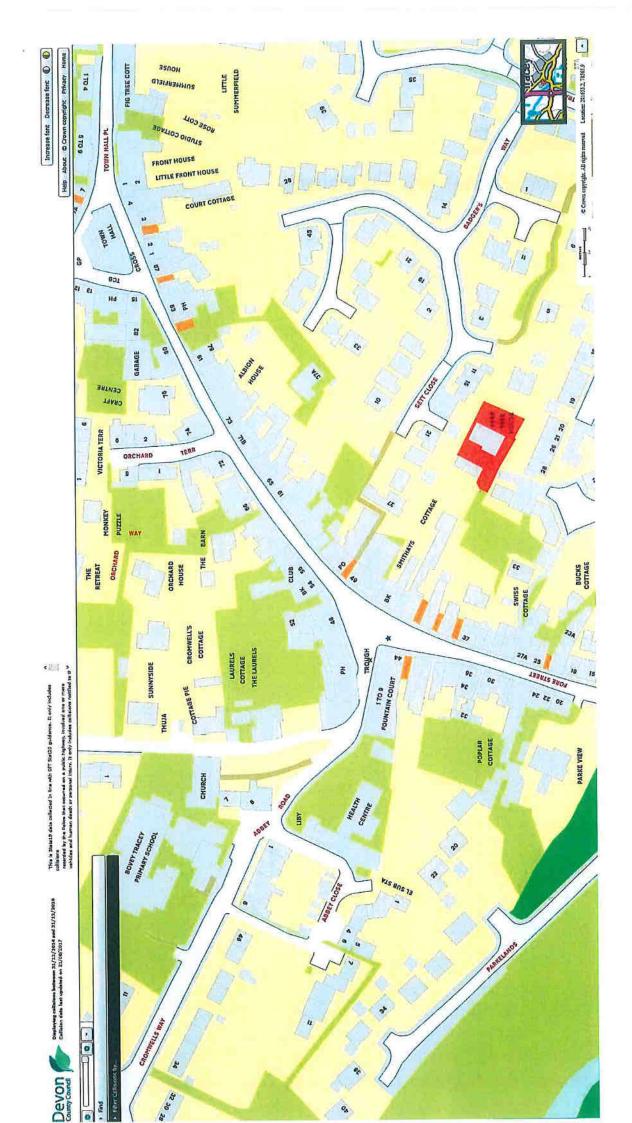
Route 193

#### Appendix C Existing Cycleway Network



#### Appendix D PIA data 2010 - 2016





#### Appendix E Business Survey Template

This survey is being undertaken to inform Bovey Tracey Town Council on potential measures to address congestion along the high street and assist in the regeneration of the Town Centre. We would be very grateful if you would spare 10 minutes to fill in this questionnaire to assist them in improving access to business in Bovey Tracey.

	y reference: <i>Bovey Tracey Traffic Management Plan</i> act name:
	act details
	hone No.: Email:
Nam	e of Business:
Addr	ess of Business:
Posto	ode:
Sec	tion one: Your delivery and servicing arrangement
1.	Does your business have a delivery and servicing plan? (Please circle as appropriate) (A delivery and servicing plan sets out objectives for the efficient, reliable and sustainable distribution of goods and services. This is to help minimize the adverse impact of congestion).  Yes / No
2.	What are the hours of your business? (Please enter the time in the following format: hh:mm—hh:mm)
3.	Do you accept deliveries and collections outside operational hours?  (Please circle as appropriate)  Yes / No
6.	Who determines when vehicles make deliveries, collections and servicing to your business?  (Please circle as appropriate)  Supplier / Business
7.	Do you have specific time slot / appointment system for deliveries? (If yes, please give details below)

Car park	
Loading bay – on street	
On street - legal	
On street - illegal	
Don't know	
Other please specify	
What type of vehicles access your business? (Please tick the boxes for the vehicle types that apply)	
(A1) Cars	
(A2) Small vans	
(B) Single rear axle transit type vehicle	
(C) Twin rear axle <7.5 T transit type vehicle	
(D) 2 axle 7.5 to 17 T lorry (rigid)	
(E) 3 axle 25 to 33 T lorry (rigid)	
(E2) 4 axle 7.5 to 17 T lorry (rigid)	
(F1) 3 or 4 axle upto 33 T lorry (articulated)	
. What is the maximum size of vehicle that can access your business? (Please tick the boxes for the vehicle types that apply)  (A1) Cars	
(Please tick the boxes for the vehicle types that apply)	
(Please tick the boxes for the vehicle types that apply)  (A1) Cars	
(Please tick the boxes for the vehicle types that apply)  (A1) Cars  (A2) Small vans	
(Please tick the boxes for the vehicle types that apply)  (A1) Cars  (A2) Small vans  (B) Single rear axle transit type vehicle	
(Please tick the boxes for the vehicle types that apply)  (A1) Cars  (A2) Small vans  (B) Single rear axle transit type vehicle  (C) Twin rear axle <7.5 T transit type vehicle	
(A1) Cars  (A2) Small vans  (B) Single rear axle transit type vehicle  (C) Twin rear axle <7.5 T transit type vehicle  (D) 2 axle 7.5 to 17 T lorry (rigid)	
(Please tick the boxes for the vehicle types that apply)  (A1) Cars  (A2) Small vans  (B) Single rear axle transit type vehicle  (C) Twin rear axle <7.5 T transit type vehicle  (D) 2 axle 7.5 to 17 T lorry (rigid)  (E) 3 axle 25 to 33 T lorry (rigid)	
(Please tick the boxes for the vehicle types that apply)  (A1) Cars  (A2) Small vans  (B) Single rear axle transit type vehicle  (C) Twin rear axle <7.5 T transit type vehicle  (D) 2 axle 7.5 to 17 T lorry (rigid)  (E) 3 axle 25 to 33 T lorry (rigid)  (E2) 4 axle 7.5 to 17 T lorry (rigid)	
(A1) Cars  (A2) Small vans  (B) Single rear axle transit type vehicle  (C) Twin rear axle <7.5 T transit type vehicle  (D) 2 axle 7.5 to 17 T lorry (rigid)  (E2) 4 axle 7.5 to 17 T lorry (rigid)  (F1) 3 or 4 axle upto 33 T lorry (articulated)  Do you advise those making deliveries, collections or servicing about the maximum that can access your business?  (Please circle as appropriate)	n size of vehicle Yes / No
(A1) Cars  (A2) Small vans  (B) Single rear axle transit type vehicle  (C) Twin rear axle <7.5 T transit type vehicle  (D) 2 axle 7.5 to 17 T lorry (rigid)  (E) 3 axle 25 to 33 T lorry (rigid)  (E2) 4 axle 7.5 to 17 T lorry (rigid)  (F1) 3 or 4 axle upto 33 T lorry (articulated)	n size of vehicle Yes / No
	Loading bay – on street  On street - legal  On street - illegal  Don't know  Other please specify  What type of vehicles access your business? (Please tick the boxes for the vehicle types that apply)  (A1) Cars  (A2) Small vans  (B) Single rear axle transit type vehicle  (C) Twin rear axle <7.5 T transit type vehicle  (D) 2 axle 7.5 to 17 T lorry (rigid)  (E) 3 axle 25 to 33 T lorry (rigid)

i. In a typical week, at what time(s) and how many deliveries take place at your Bus (Please complete the table by entering the number of deliveries made in the approximate time bands be	ypical week, at what time(s) and how many deliveries take place at your Business e complete the table by entering the number of deliveries made in the approximate time bands below)    06:00	Fri Sat Sun	o please explain below)								Yes /
i. In a typical week, at what time(s) and how many deliveries take place at your Bus (Please complete the table by entering the number of deliveries made in the approximate time bands be	ypical week, at what time(s) and how many deliveries take place at your Business e complete the table by entering the number of deliveries made in the approximate time bands below)    06:00	In a typical week, at what time(s) and how many deliveries take place at your Busine (Please complete the table by entering the number of deliveries made in the approximate time bands below 08:00 08:01 09:01 12:01 14:01 15:31 17:01 19:01 15:00 15:00 15:00 15:00 17:00 19:00 05:05:00 09:00 12:00 14:00 15:30 17:00 19:00 05:05:00 10:00 15:00 17:00 19:00 17:00 19:00 17:00 17:00 19:00 17:00 19:00 17:00 19:00 17:00 19:00 17:00 19:00 17:00 19:00 17:00 19:00 17:00 19:00 17:00 19:00 17:00 19:00 17:00 19:00 17:00 19:00 17:00 19:00 17:00 19:00 17:00 19:00 17:00 17:00 19:00 17:00 17:00 17:00 19:00 17:00 17:00 17:00 17:00 17:00 17:00 19:00 17									
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#### Section three: Collections

.17. In a typical week, at what time(s) and how many deliveries take place at your Business? (Please complete the table by entering the number of deliveries made in the approximate time bands below)

	06:00 to 08:00	08:01 to 09:00	09:01 to 12:00	12:01 to 14:00	14:01 to 15:30	15:31 to 17:00	17:01 to 19:00	19:01 to 05:59
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Thurs							150	
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Sun						-		

18. What type of collections are made from your business? (Please tick those appropriate from the list below)

Business: for example courier, mail	
Retail: for example food, general goods	
Hospitality: for example catering / food, beer / spirits, linen / laundry	
Other: please specify	

19. Please detail any other information regarding collections from the business.

20. Please detail any other information regarding your customer access needs or improvements that would benefit them, i.e high street parking bays with free 30 minute parking, better crossing facilities, wider footways etc.

Please return completed forms to:

Bovey Tracey Town Council Town Hall Town Hall Place Bovey Tracey TQ13 9EG

By Friday 11<sup>th</sup> March 2016

#### Appendix F School Travel Plan

#### **Bovey Tracey County Primary School - Travel Plan 2005-6**

#### **DfES 2404**

Bovey Tracey Primary School Abbey Road Bovey Tracey Newton Abbot Devon TQ13 9HZ

01626 833257

#### Contents

- 1. Aims and objectives
- 2. About our school and catchment area
- 3. Process of consultation and discussion
- 4. Survey results 3a Children, 3b Parents
- 5. Action Plan
- 6. Routes STP1 form
- Monitoring and Review proposals
- 8. Endorsement by Headteacher and Chair of Governors
- 9. Appendix Parent Questionnaire
- 10. Road Safety Policy

A school travel plan is about how we all travel to and from school. Devon County Council is encouraging all schools to develop one.

#### 1. The travel plan aims are:

- to reduce the number of children arriving at school in cars either by a) encouraging walking to school or b) encouraging a park and walk and scheme
- to reduce the number of cars parking near the school
- to explore the possibility of safe new routes for walkers and cyclists
- if we are able to initiate a safe cycle route, then we need to provide storage for cycles
- to continue to raise awareness of health and environmental issues to increase walking and cycling to school as part of healthy living.

#### 2. About our school

Bovey Tracey Primary School has 300 pupils of Primary age on roll, and 46 full and part time staff. The school is situated in Abbey Road, which leads into the nearby main road (Fore Street) through the centre of Bovey Tracey. Close by in Abbey Road is the town library, a nursery/child minding centre, and a Baptist Church — which hosts a daily morning playgroup.

The road outside school becomes very congested during the times immediately before and after school. A school crossing patrol operates in Fore Street at these times, as a significant proportion of our pupils already walk to school. About 20 children travel to school by bus from the villages of Lustleigh and Hawkmoor.

There are two entrances – a pedestrian gate leading to a flight of steps into the playground, and a double gateway incorporating vehicle access, adjoined by a smaller pedestrian gate leading to a pavement by the drive, which guides pedestrians into the playground.

There is a small school car park which is well used.

Car parks in the town centre carry a charge, so most parents who drive park on the streets around the school causing congestion and some danger to pupils.

There are no cycle storage facilities, and we do not at present encourage children to cycle to school as the routes to school are considered to be much too hazardous. A walking bus operated for a while but stopped due to lack of support.

#### The Catchment Area

The catchment area consists of the whole of Bovey Tracey, extending north to the village of Lustleigh. About 30 pupils come from outside the official catchment area, from Heathfield, Chudleigh Knighton, and Kingsteignton. The school's ability to take out of area pupils will gradually decrease due to house building in Bovey Tracey.

We have started to develop our plan by undertaking a mapping exercise with pupils - the results are very encouraging.

#### 3. The process of consultation and discussion

A working party was established including and/or meeting representatives of staff, governors, parents, local resident, town and district council.

Ways in which we collected data/raised awareness of the plan:-

- a survey of children to find out how they came to school, using Devon's School Travel
   Tally, large maps and stickers with all children contributing and discussing routes and problems with two parents one of whom was also a town councillor
- a survey of parents, with a questionnaire (approx 40% return) in which they were asked to comment on a wide range of issues relating to their journeys to school
- less formal through discussion with parents in the corridor where the children's mapping results were displayed
- a meeting between representatives of the town council (3 members) and the working group to consider the problems and some of the possible solutions
- keeping the governors informed
- consultation with the School Council

liaison with Alison McGregor

#### 4. BOVEY TRACEY TRAVEL PLAN - PARENTS SURVEY 2005 -

See Appendix 1 for survey

Results:

113 Questionnaires returned

How do children travel to and from school? To School/ From School

Car (with adults and other pupils) 17/16

Car (just with adults) 20 /24

**33% DRIVE** 

Walk (with adults) 56/62

Walk on own 8/7

**57% WALK** 

Cycle 0

Bus 6 5 %

Taxi

Drive to car park and walk 9/8 8%

Motorcycle 1 1 %

Scooter 11%

#### Would parents consider using a "walking bus"?

33 people said they would be interested in a walking bus - that equates to approximately **50%** of those people that filled in questionnaires who currently walk to school.

#### Car sharing

21 parents expressed an interest in car sharing. Again over **50**% of those responding who travel by car - a positive start.

What would help improve conditions around Bovey school?

Responses – main ones highlighted

Slower motor traffic 54

Less motor traffic 72

More/better main road crossings for cyclists 17

More/better traffic-free routes for cyclists 38

Greater care/courtesy among drivers for cyclists 13

Secure cycle parking 17

Cycle road safety training 27

64%

64%

34%

#### Park and Walk

44 parents stated that they would be willing to park in a local car park and walk the final part of the route to and from school. That is **64**% of those families who responded that currently drive!

#### Road safety concerns

36 respondents felt that the situation **outside of school / Cromwells Arch** is dangerous due to volume of traffic, illegal parking and speed /courtesy of drivers.

14 respondents felt the drive into Chestnuts is not delineated from pavement and is confusing for children

11 respondent felt that crossing **Bovey Bridge** is a real hazard due to traffic speeds and poor visibility (especially if you are a child).

2 respondents felt that crossing Station Road is a hazard

4 respondents felt that it is difficult crossing at the Dolphin Hotel

9 respondents felt that illegal parking in High Street slows traffic flow resulting in congestion.

No footpath High Close to Parish Church makes walking dangerous

Cars and buses almost on pavement in Fore Street, Upper Fore Street narrow and dangerous - can't allow children to walk on own

#### Ideas and comments

3 parents suggested that we change road layout outside of school to include a zebra crossing

7 respondents suggested creating a safer route through Mill Marsh Park linking to school across river

4 suggested free parking/permit system in car parks will encourage park and walk

Mark children's crossing on road in Fore Street

One way traffic system

Erect railing or similar along edge of pavement on chemist corner/junction opposite Cromwells Arms. Dedicated pedestrian path from there to school with appropriate signing so cars have to give way to pedestrians - could also be cycle path. Use one side of road at Cromwells Arch

Drop off point in the car park

Drop off point outside school

Allow children into school before 8.45am

Make Abbey road car free at school times

Put on street charges on road outside school

Traffic warden/school staff to stop illegal parking outside school

Zebra crossing outside surgery

Bridge across River Bovey connecting car park to Le Moley Littrey way

#### Children's Mapping Exercise - Assessing Travel to School Patterns and Identifying Hazards.

The children were involved in an exercise to help assess current travel to school patterns and potential hazards. A large scale map of Bovey Tracey was used.

All children present at school on January 27th 2005 (approximately 300 pupils) participated in the exercise to map their **normal** mode of transport and routes to school. Siblings undertook the task together although each child was represented individually with a spot on the map.

Children were bought to the mapping area in small groups a class at a time. An adult explained the exercise to the children before starting the process. Each child was asked:

To find their house on the map (help was given if necessary)

To tell the adult how they normally got to school (walk, car, bus, bicycle, other) and mark it on the map with a coloured spot.

The adult and child then looked at the route taken to school and the child was asked to identify any place on that route where they felt it was dangerous or unsafe or where their parents tell them to be extra careful, these were marked with a red spot.

The mapping process was very useful in itself to raise awareness amongst children of travel to school issues. We were impressed with the number of pupils that could find their home on the map and in many instances trace their journey to school picking out key features on the way. The actual travel patterns were also very encouraging.

#### **Modes of Transport**

There are 302 children registered at the school, 294 children participated in the exercise, 221 of the children lived in Bovey Tracey, the remaining 73 lived outside of the town in Heathfield, or villages surrounding the town.

156 (70%) of the 221 children living in Bovey already regard walking as their main way of getting to school.

63 (29%) of the children living in Bovey regard driving as their main way of getting to school.

2 of the children living in Bovey regard cycling as their main way of getting to school.

63 children live outside of Bovey Tracey, 47 of these regularly drive to school, 16 come by school bus.

If the river is taken as a boundary between the lower town, south west of Bovey Bridge and higher town, north east of Bovey Bridge there are interesting patterns of use. Of the 69 children living below Bovey Bridge, hence a greater distance from school, 24 (35%) of children generally walk to school.

Of the 150 children living north east of the river, and hence closer to school, 132 (88%) regularly walk to school.

Survey of how Bovey Tracey children would like to travel to school - March 2006

WALK CYCLE BUS TRAIN CAR	OTHER
M	Scooter - 1% Skateboard - 1% Running - 1% otorbike - 0.33% Plane - 2% Camel - 0.33% Lorry - 0.33% Quad bike - 2% there's always one class!!!)

The data shows that most children would like to use sustainable forms of travel given the choice! This will help us in promoting walking and cycling wherever possible and is data that we can pass on to the Town Council in support of their proposal to provide improved networks of cycle and walkways in the town.

This is a very positive starting point but it still means that there are 79 households who regularly drive to school and try to park along Abbey Road. (This is travel to school only - we did not discuss travel home)

#### Hazards

Most children accessing school from Fore Street do now use the lollipop lady to cross the road.

There are very clear walking to school patterns and a number of common areas of concern regarding road safety:

- The top end of Fore Street opposite the town hall where cars often park on the pavement (6 children identified a hazard here).
- The area immediately outside school, 21 children identified a hazard here.
- o From Cromwells Arch to Fore Street, 11 children identified a hazard here.
- Lower Fore Street near junction with Abbey Road, 6 children identified a hazard here.
- o Crossing the road near Bovey Bridge, 13 children identified a hazard here.
- o Crossing the road near Dolphin Hotel, 4 children identified a hazard here.
- o Crossing at the fork in the Ashburton Road, 4 children identified a hazard here.

#### **Next Steps**

The next step is to follow the children's mapping with a survey of parents to confirm patterns of use and road safety issues. This will include travel to and from school.

Parents' surveys included this introduction:

A questionnaire is attached. Please spend a few minutes to complete the form so that we can develop positive ideas for improving the safety and well being of pupils and the local community, confident that we understand parents needs regarding travel to and from school.

Devon County Council do provide financial support to help us develop and implement this plan and we want to make the most of this.

•

# 5. Action Plan

- 100000	Possible Solutions	How Who	
walking		IIOW, WILLO	Target Date
is not very sate around the school as there are too many parked cars	Use car parks nearby as Park and Stride sites: Lower town car park, Methodist and Chapel car park, Mary Street car park	School to approach District Council to ask for parents' passes to use	Spring 2006
	Reduce parking around school site with new markings	Done – agreed to do a TRO to	Spring 2006 Done
Need to promote walking and cycling	Promote walking for those that can, and car sharing for others. Use Walking the Wizard Way scheme or Devon County Council share scheme/guidelines.	nelp enforce better parking School to issue advice/leaflets and to launch Walking the Wizard Way reward scheme	Autumn 2005 – Spring 2006 launch for reward
Dromoto booths, 450001			scheme Again in Autumn
romore nealuly travel to school	Alison McGregor to be asked to visit new school Health Committee	Becky Forrest & Health Committee	Spring 2006
	Links to PSHE curriculum – evidence attached		
	School Council project to promote safe walking and cycling – Alison McGregor could visit	Becky Forrest and Alison McGregor plus School Council leader	
Set up walking bus	Promote walking bus when new route is complete across the river	Max and parents to help find volunteers	Summer 2007
Need to promote cycling and scooters	3 cycle trainers have been identified and will train year 6 in the summer each year	Tesco may help with sponsorship 3 members of school community	Summer

	Year 6 then to be allowed to cycle to school. All others to be escorted by adults.		each summer
	Promote all means of sustainable travel eg scooters through School Council and also through assemblies and links to health and environmental education		
	Provide cycle storage on site		
	Promote use of new cycle storage behind the library for parents and children to use and for the community also.		
Need to be clear about road safety issues for whole school	Discuss/issue Road Safety Policy	School- Max Quick Done!	Autumn 2005
			Done – to be reviewed annually
Blind corners –dangerous for children to cross Cromwell's Way	Provide crossing platform – this would reduce parking and reduce speeds.	Local Service group to be contacted - Done	Autumn 2005
before & after school (and during school day as they go over to		Under review	Spring 2006
No footway on Abbey Road –		Local Service Group to be	Spring 2006
		NOT possible due to historic nature of the bridge	
Cromwell's Way very dark	Improve lighting	Local Service Group to be contacted – still under review	Autumn 2005
Lane from Mary Street dark	Improve lighting	Local Service Group to be contacted – still under review	Autumn 2005
No crossing from Mill/Methodist Chanel/lower car park	Create crossing point	Local Service Group to be contacted and Town Council	Summer 2005 – Will
		Agreed as part of new routes into town	happen Year 2006-7
Pathway along river possible route	Create path/bridge	Local Service Group	Summer
	·····		

2005	Still under review	Done			Summer	2005	Done
Public Rights of Way Town Council and City Solls	Morgan to assist	Local Service Group	Lowin Council		School to initiate	Leaflets were sent out - only two	residents responded
	Plans to reduce tweffs is Fore of			Further consultation - meet and discuss alternatives	היים מיים מיים מיים מיים מיים ומועתם		
but needs improving with bridge to cross to/by school playing field.	Need safer routes to school		and the second s	lo ensure co-operation and	support from local residents		

### Targets

Target	How will be know we have met target	When by
- to increase numbers who walk to school by 10% in Year 1	When percentage of walkers have increased by agreed amount.	Annual Great School Travel Tally in September 2005 and in June 2005 in
To sustain increase walking to school next year	Ditto	Preparation for the Devon Schools TravelWise Award and following Walk to School Week. Monitored in Great School Travel Tally 2006 and then into 2007/8
To set up a Walking Bus from the craft centre car park to school	When a Walking Bus has been successfully in place for at least 2 terms	By end of Autumn Term 2007
Cars - to reduce percentage used for the school run by 10% in year	When numbers of car journeys reduce as shown in census	Annual Great School Travel Tally - September 2005, 2006 and then 2007 and

percentage of     cars by 15% in     year 2     - by 20% in year 3  Cycling     - increase active     use of cycling as a means to get to     school     - 10 pupils by end     of year 1     - 20 pupils by end     of year 2  To have healthy travel and road safety education on the curriculum for each year group - linked to Healthy	
cars by 15% in year 2 20% in year 3 increase active use of cycling as a means to get to school 10 pupils by end of year 1 20 pupils by end of year 2 in healthy travel id safety on on the lum for each year linked to Healthy	
year 2 20% in year 3 increase active use of cycling as a means to get to school 10 pupils by end of year 1 20 pupils by end of year 2 e healthy travel id safety on on the lum for each year linked to Healthy	
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increase active use of cycling as a means to get to school 10 pupils by end of year 1 20 pupils by end of year 2 e healthy travel id safety on on the lum for each year	
	proficiency training. Review at end of summer term 06
	park
	Autumn 2006
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Autumn 2007into Spring 2008
-	
	show this eg Summer 2006 and on-going
education on the curriculum for each year group – linked to Healthy	
curriculum for each year group – linked to Healthy	
group – linked to Healthy	
Schools application	

# 6. Monitoring and Reviewing Proposals

- Annual surveys each year Great School Travel Tally in Sept and Pupil census through SIMS in January

  - Informal monitoring outside school Tally Summer 2006 and then each Summer after this to get interim figures

# 7. The School Travel Plan has been approved by the Headteacher and Chair of Governors.

Signed ......(Chair of Governors) Signed .....(Headteacher) Name .....

Name .....

# 8. Appendices

- 1. Parent Questionnaire
- 2. Route options

#### Appendix 1

#### **Bovey Tracy School Travel Surveys**

#### Parent questionnaire

Please complete this questionnaire and return it to the school by April 25<sup>th</sup> 2005. If you have more than one child at the school, please complete a separate questionnaire for *each* child if they have different travel patterns.

1 What is your child's/ children's name?
2 How old are they?years
3 Where do you live? street area post code. Which area 1-5 on attached map? 1 2 3 4 5
4 How far does your child travel to school? (Tick one)
Less than 1/4 mile 1 – 2 miles
1/4 – 1/2 mile 2 – 3 miles
1/2 – 1 mile More than 3 miles
5 How long does their journey to school normally take? (Tick one)
Less than 10 minutes
10 – 20 minutes
20 – 30 minutes
45 – 60 minutes
More than 60 minutes
6 What is their usual means of travel to and from school? (Tick one in each column)
To School From School
Car (with adults and other pupils)
Car (just with adults)
Walk (with adults)
Walk on own
Cycle

Bus
Taxi
Other (please specify)
<b>7</b> Why does your child normally travel to school by the means indicated? (Tick the <b>three</b> main reasons from the list below)
To school From School
It is the most appropriate for the distance
It saves time/is the quickest option
It is inexpensive
There is no reasonable alternative
You are confident that your child has got to school safely
It fits in with a longer journey that you are making
It allows you to spend time with your child
It allows your child to spend time with friends
It is a healthy means of travel
It is an environmentally-friendly means of travel
Other (please specify)
8 Do they have any problems in getting to and from school? If so please describe below.
······································
9 If your child/children walk to school do you have any road safety or other concerns about the route? If so please describe below.

······································
10. If you live within walking distance of the school would you be interested in a 'walking school bus', where groups of children are escorted on foot to and from school by adults? (Some of you may remember we experimented with this a few years ago)
Don't live within walking distance of the school
Live within walking distance, and would be interested in a walking bus
Live within walking distance, but would not be interested in a walking bus
I would like more information
<b>11.</b> Which of the following measures do you think would improve conditions for to (name of) School? (Tick the <b>three</b> most important improvements)
Slower motor traffic
Less motor traffic
More/better main road crossings for cyclists
More/better traffic-free routes for cyclists
Greater care/courtesy among drivers for cyclists
Secure cycle parking
Cycle road safety training
Other (please specify)
12. If you take children to school by car, if only on occasion, would you be interested in sharing the 'school run' with other families? (Tick one)
Never take children to/from school by car
Do take children by car, and would be interested in car-sharing
Do take children by car, but would not be interested in car-sharing
Already car share
13. If you normally travel to/from school by car would you consider parking in a local car park and walking the final part of your journey?
To school

From school

Yes
No
If No - what would make this difficult for you and is there anything the school could do to help?
,
<b>14</b> Do you have any other comments or suggestions for making travel to School safer, easier and more pleasant, or about the aims of this survey in general?
······································
Thank you for your time and cooperation

REQUEST FOR ROAD SAFETY/ENGINEERING IMPROVEMENTS

This form is an ESSENTIAL part of your School Travel Plan

FOR COMPLETION BY Devon County Council	DATE RESPONSIBLE L.S.G.	AGREED YES/NO REASONS & COMMENTS							
ON BY SCHOOL (PLEASE LIST IN ORDER OF PRIORITY)		REASON YES	Parents and residents park and obscure vision for children on foot	Blind corner, used before & after school and during school day for playing field access	Major route to school	Very dark	Route to school - dangerous	Good route to school, could be used by cyclists	Major route to school
	Bovey Tracey Primary	NAME OF ROAD (If appropriate)	Cromwell's Way	Cromwell's Way	Abbey Rd	Cromwell's Way and path from Mary St	Mill St/Methodist Chapel/lower car park	Along river	Fore St
	NAME OF SCHOOL Bovey DATE	PROPOSED IMPROVEMENT or ROAD SAFETY RESOURCE REQ'D	Reduce parking around school site with new markings	<ol> <li>Crossing platform needed to help children cross near the blind corner</li> </ol>	3. Footway needed	4. Lighting	5. Crossing point	6. Pathway along river & bridge	7. Reduce traffic

It is well noted that the amount of traffic on the roads has increased dramatically over recent years. As a result, too many accidents involving children occur nationally on a daily basis. Moreover, accidents concerning children during their home to school journeys arise too frequently. By issuing this policy the school community acknowledges that we have a duty to help prevent such tragedies and will ensure to meet our educational responsibility to contribute to the effective road safety education to all students in its care.

#### Aims

- . To establish and maintain a school ethos that incorporates: -
- ) safer journeys to school
- ii) walking to school as the preferred means of travel
- congestion free school gates
- iv) investigate and encourage other forms of transport for school journeys
- To educate children and parents in road safety issues and make them aware of the dangers of road traffic around the school environment oi
- To encourage children to take the road safety issues that they have learnt from school and adopt them in other areas of their lives .e. around their home environment etc. so they may become confident with these skills o
- To ensure the road safety issues that have been taught to children at an early age are part of a sustainable long term strategy which can be built on as they get older. 4
- To encourage a healthy attitude and walking culture amongst the school community that will lead to a healthier life style 3
- To prepare the school for the development of their own School Travel Plan which covers all aspects of school travel and related health and environmental issues. 6

## Pedestrian journeys

- It will be pressed upon the parents that the preferred means of travel to school is walking. This will be done by: -
- this policy being strenuously stated in the school's prospectus
- regular reminders of the school ethos being made in the school's newsletter
  - road safety education to illustrate importance of walking to school
- regular participation in national events such as Walk To School Week etc.
- Children to be educated in pedestrian skills and road safety in accordance with the relevant sections of the highway code.  $\alpha$ i
- Parents and children to be encouraged to either wear bright or reflective clothing or carry something of that description on their school journey especially in the winter and poor conditions က
- Parents to be encouraged to use the School Crossing Patrol or other approved crossing site where appropriate 4,
- The school will investigate and review the demand and feasibility of walking buses in partnership with Devon County Council's Road Safety Officer ĸ,

## Car journeys

# If the use of the car is considered unavoidable for the journey to and from school:

- Parents should be encouraged to avoid parking near the school gates and park away from the school at a sensible location that will not impede the safety of others. The parents should then be encouraged to walk the final part of the journey to adhere to the school's "walking ethos"
- The parents of new children to the school should be provided with a map of the local area highlighting the parking areas which are deemed appropriate by the school  $\vec{c}$
- Car drivers should be reminded to approach the school community with caution, drive at a sensible speed and be aware of other road users and pedestrians in accordance with the highway code  $\alpha$
- All car passengers should be restrained by seat belts and child locks should be used if appropriate 4
- The school will promote car sharing amongst those who live in the same vicinity and rely on the car as their only viable means of transportation ĸ,

## **Bus /Taxi Journeys**

- Children are to be reminded that they should enter and depart from the bus/taxi in an orderly and sensible manner with due egard for their environment and the carriageway.
- Children will be accompanied to the bus/taxi by an elected school Bus Escort of the school who will be aware of road safety κi
- Bus/taxi drivers will be regularly advised to approach the school with caution and pay due care to other pedestrians and vehicles within the school environment က

- Cycling

  1. Children are encouraged to cycle to school as long as they fulfil the following criteria: -
- they have prior consent from their parents and the headteacher
- they have participated in the County Cycle Training course î
- they wear a cycling helmet and safety gear made to British Standards specifications Ê
- they are aged ten years or over ≘
- The school will annually review the demand for County Cycle Training courses and organise these events accordingly તં
- commitment from an outside trainer i.e. the Community Police Officer etc.), is qualified to run a course so that cycling can become The school will ensure that there is at least one representative, either teacher, governor or parent (unless there is a training part of the school curriculum က

# Road Safety In General

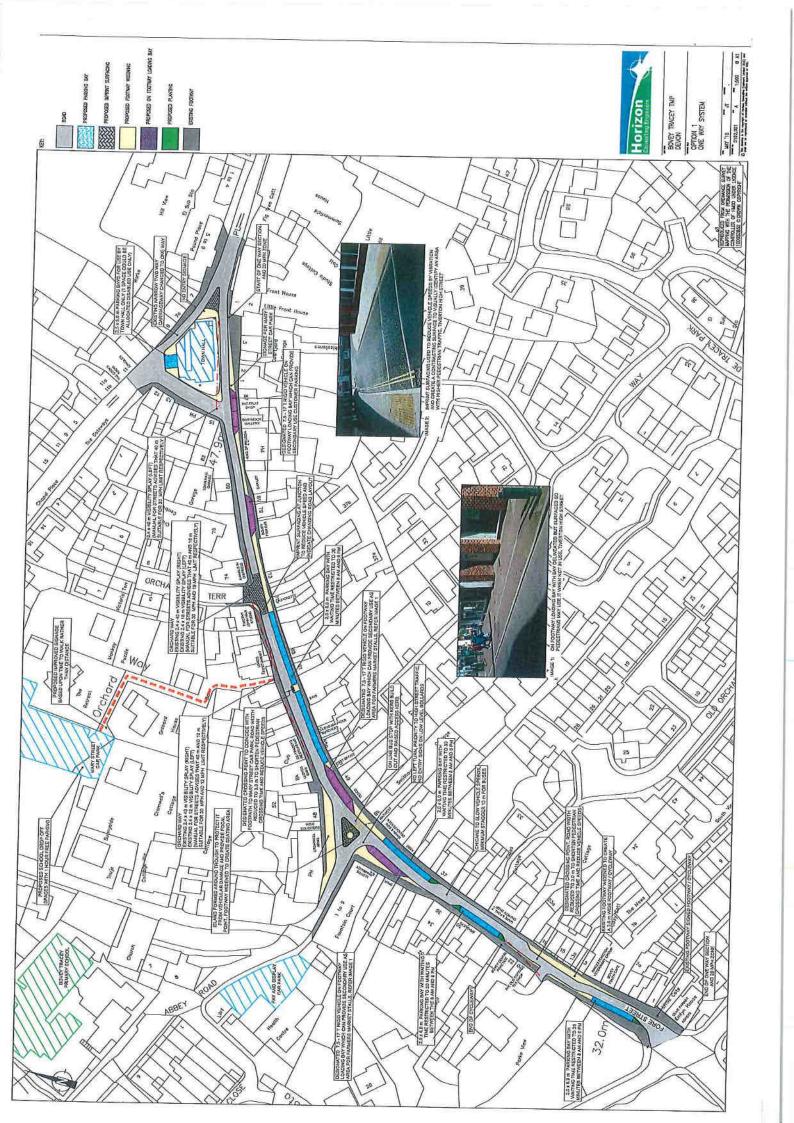
- Parents should be encouraged to notify the school of any road safety issues within the school community that they believe has the potential of causing an accident. By the same token, feedback should be given to the parent once the matter has been nvestigated
- The school should attempt to make and maintain links with Devon County Council and the Community Police and work in partnership to ensure road safety best practices are upheld  $\sim$

- Constant reminders of the school's road safety policy and ethos will be provided to parents via the school newsletter, the school prospective, the school website, occasional handouts etc. ന്
- Parents of new children to the school will be verbally briefed of the schools road safety policy and ethos 4,
- The school will consider developing a full School Travel Plan that will assist with monitoring, evaluation and planning for all school rO.

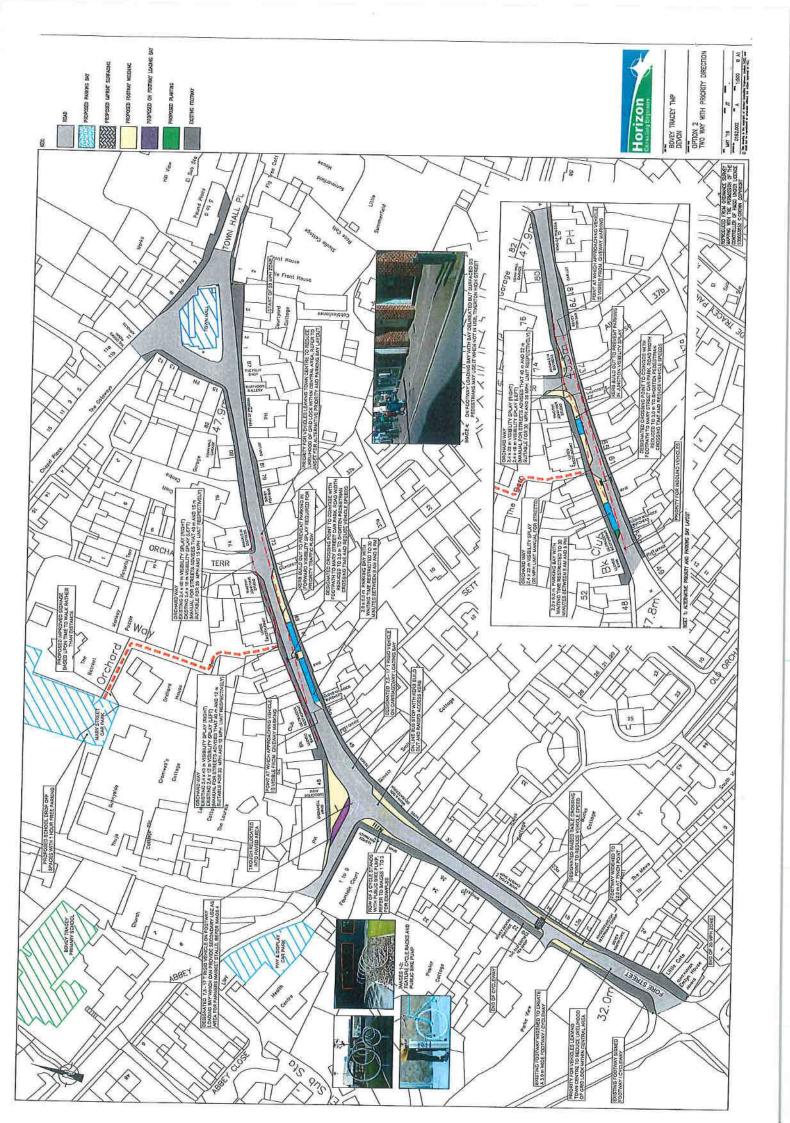
# Road Safety In The Curriculum

- Time is to be devoted within tutorial periods for the topic of road safety and school travel
- Road safety issues to be raised on a regular basis during school assemblies Si
- The issue of road safety and school travel to be part of the schools personal, social and moral education and /or citizenship က
- Road safety will also be introduced to children through class work, specialist events eg. Junior Life Skills, visiting speakers and 4

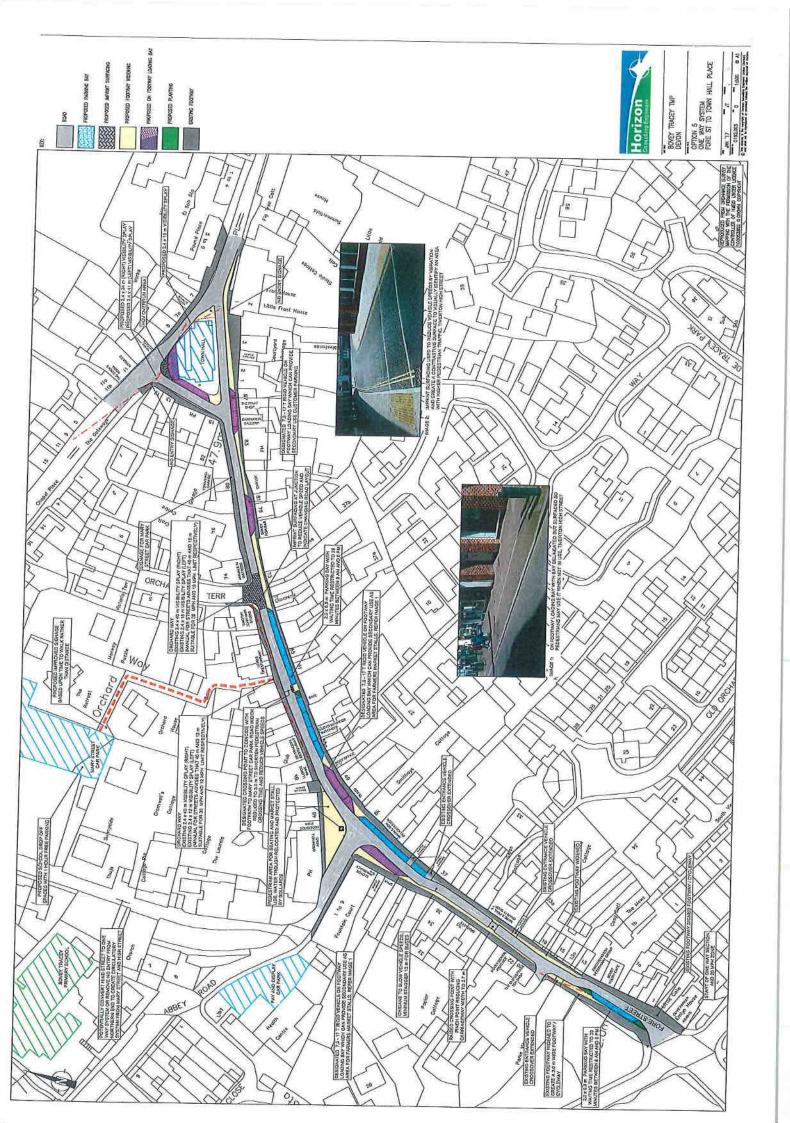
## Appendix G Option 1 – One way system (downhill)

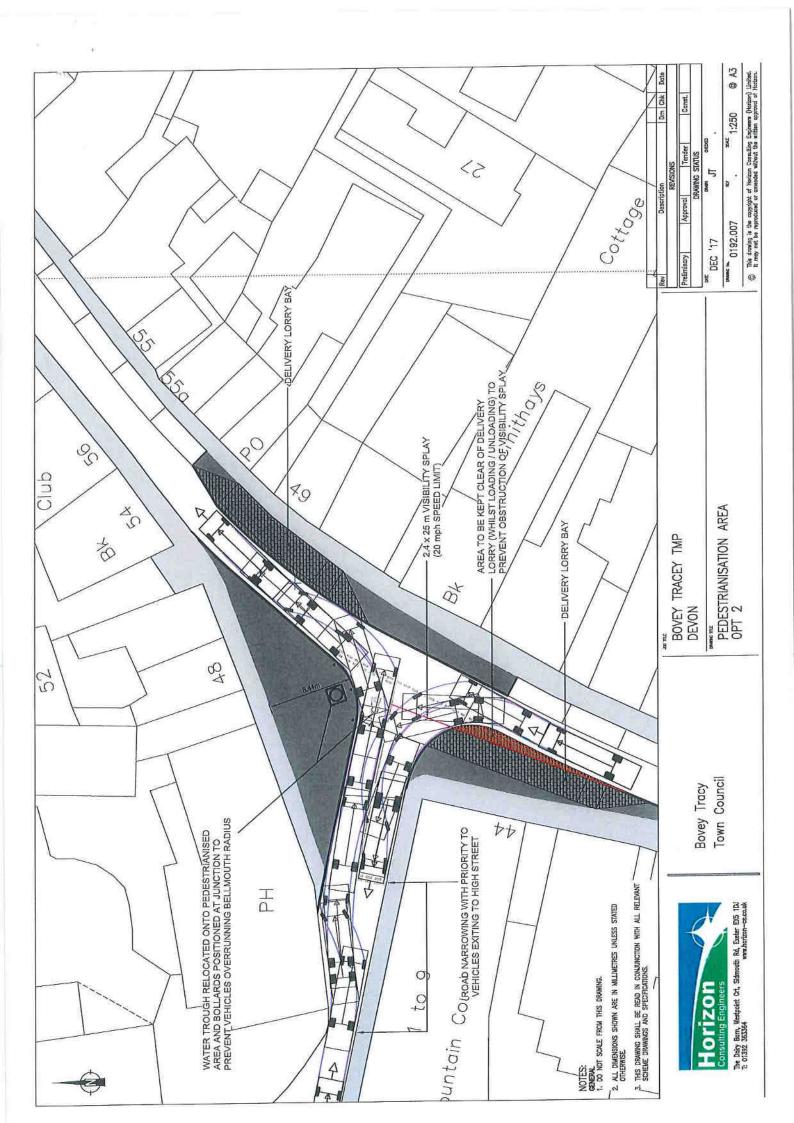


### Appendix H Option 2 – Two way system with inbound priority



#### Appendix I Option 5 – One way system (uphill)





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16 Ark 2019

Mr M Wells Clerk to Bovey Tracey TC The Town Hall Town Hall Place Bovey Tracey NEWTON ABBOT Devon TQ13 9EG

Your ref:

Please quote: AW/DartmoorWay

Direct line: 01626 831057

15 April 2019

Dear Mr Westwood

#### **Dartmoor Way Walking Route**

Dartmoor National Park Authority is working with the Ramblers on a partnership project to re-invigorate the Dartmoor Way walking route. The purpose of this letter is to update you on the progress achieved to date and our future plans.

As you may be aware, the Dartmoor Way has been in existence since the late1990's as a circular walking route encompassing most of the perimeter of the National Park. In 2012 a steering group was established and the Dartmoor Way cycling route was created. Since then the Ramblers have been seeking sources of funding to invest in the walking route and have now achieved their fundraising target.

This year, work to survey the walking route which follows existing public paths has commenced to determine the condition of the path network and identify any improvement works. We are also surveying a route along the southern boundary to extend the route to circle the moor and a map of the route is enclosed for information.

Once the initial survey work has been completed, it is envisaged that work on the ground will be carried out with the help from the DNPA Ranger service and volunteers during the year. They will be repairing or replacing existing signposts, installing new ones where needed and fitting Dartmoor Way waymarks to these.

This will be followed with the creation of a revised website for both the cycling and walking routes, in readiness for a launch in the spring of 2020 and a route guide publication in due course. The Dartmoor Way walking route utilises existing footpaths and bridleways linking many of the towns and villages on the edge of the National Park.

🔀 enjoy dartmoor

We hope that the re-invigoration of the walking route will benefit the local businesses of the towns and villages on the edge of Dartmoor, including pubs and cafes, accommodation providers and tourist attractions along or near to this promoted route.

If you are interested in finding more about this exciting project, please go to the website <a href="www.dartmoorway.co.uk">www.dartmoorway.co.uk</a> or email Michael Owen, the Project Manager at <a href="michael.owen@dartmoorway.co.uk">michael.owen@dartmoorway.co.uk</a>

Yours sincerely

Andrew Watson

Head of Recreation, Access & Estates

Dartmoor National Park Authority

Ac Watson

Michael Owen

Project Manager

Dartmoor Way

